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· Pecunia Obediunt Omnia

# MONEY

Does Mafter all Things,

# John A Poem

Shewing the Power and Influence of Money over all Arts, Sciences, Trades Professions, and ways of Living, in this Sublunary World.

Quantum quisq; sua Nummorum Servat in area. Tantum habet & sidei.

# YORK,

Printed by John White, for the Author, and Sold by Tho: Baxter Bookseller in Peter Gate, 1696.

# To the Reader.

Eader, a Mistress I present thee here, Whose Company is grateful every where; In Country, City, Court and Camp, She can Great services perform for any man: Both Poor and Rich, her presence do admire, And her acquaintance earnestly desire; Labourers and Husband-men, with Farmers, too Trades-men, and Schollars all her friendship woo ; Physitians, Lawyers, both Civil and Common, Learned Divines too, she's despis'd by no Man; The Chaplain, Curat, Vicar and the Dean, Prebends, and Bishops wish to entertain This lovely Miss: the Nuns with Monks & Friars Lord Abbots, Lady Abbasses, Lord Priors, The Yeoman, Gentle-man, Esquire, and Knight, Barronet, Barron, and Viscont delight To have her Company, where 'ere they are, Earls, Marquesses and Dukes, desire a share In her, Princes, Kings, Emperors and Pope, Her to receive, their Armes do all fet ope; Through

#### To the Reader.

Though Courted thus, yet she keeps honest still, No Man can Prostitute ber at his will, She makes her longest stay, and takes her rest, With those that hug her close, and love her best: And though she lodge with you in the same place, All th' favour you can have, s'to Kiss her Face, Though she'l consent you freely may her use, Yet have a care, you do not her abuse; He that presumes to Wash her, or to Round Or Clip, File, or Impair her weight, or's found To Counterfeit her Honour, or Imbace Her worth, hazards his Life for such disgrace: Reader, if thou enquires after this Miss, The Name of her, Madam Pecunia is; The Charmes and power she has in every thing, And how effectually about to bring Her purposes, where she doth interceed, Hereafter thou, may'ft fully see, and Read, If thou wilt take the paines, but to 'ore look And thoroughly peruse, this little Book.

# To his honoured Uncle, on his Poem, call'd Money Masters all things.

Some specious titles fix unto their Books
And tantalize the Reader, when he looks And doth peruse the Book, with longing mind, Expecting still, th' Hypothesis to find Of Ethicks, Physicks, Politicks or Laws, Or such like various matters, things and cause, As by the Title pages are set forth; But in th' perusal finding nothing worth, That answereth his time, or paines and cost, His time. and paines, and charges are all lost; But you Sir, to the Title you have fixt, Do all along so close keep to your Text, That he who reads your Book from end to end, Surely each Page thereof must needs commend For in each Leaf you have so plainly shown, Th' Obsequiousness Men unto Money own, That all with you, must needs confess and say, 'Tis Money, Money, Money, beares the Sway.

Ran: Jones.

# On the following Poem,

Will tempted be to look upon the rest;

Eor here are Wit and truth together joyn'd,

So neatly intermixt they please the mind,

And rouze attention, whilest they plainly show,

How Money governs all things here below:

At every turn truth comes so patly in,

That view the World and there you see the thing,

Nor is there more of Moneys pow'r exprest

Then what some one or other will attest,

And from Experience Write Probatum est.

L. Meriton.

former M. Personne

I in Money Aloney, Alexen bear a be for

# To the Author, on his Poem call'd

But bere you facto the World as in a Chall

That flatters not, for Face de's dofu SR. Let me tell you, what your Penn handone in the T Or binted at by others; Tom benerteld a sodo so tol At large the All-commanding Part of Gold sarshnow of Some have attempted in a faith Effet od ung twolf Others have dropt nements therein & Butithey, Corolla of Content with that me'er made a fell fareers me Sona b no W But you at Last, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lawing a later winn mor widt of Have largely shewn the wide and Soveraign Power Of Money, and how all things bow unto ber. Perhaps some eurious Critick will alledge Tou have not bit the bumor of this Age, Your werfe is plain, were it polite and gay, Twould better please the nice ; To this I (ay The pandy Ornaments of Poetrie Would not with fuch a Knotty Theme agree; What's Natural and free becomes it best, Twere awkward were it Polished and drest; It's better far fome matters to Relate, In lowly stile, and not in Verse of State, Were you to write of Emperors or Kings, Of conquer'd Towns, or great Heroick things, Then Pegafus foon'd Mount, & fpread his towring wings,

## To the Author on his Poem,

But here you show the World as in a Glass
That slatters not, for Face do's answer Face;
Poetick Varnish had not beautifud
Tour work, but dawbd it, had it been apply'd.
Tou're chose a better way to let us see
The wonders of our Primum Mobile,
How't puts the Mass of all manhind in Motion,
To follow's with Laborious Devotion;
Won'd any man consider't? Let him come
To this your universal Speculum.

T. Harrison,

# MONEY. Masters all things.

The scope and summe of what this Book doth say Is, Pecuniz obedient omnia.

1. On the Longevity of Moneys Regency.

Hough Madam Money, look both briske and gay Lovely and fresh as Blooming Flowers in Mer; Yet the for feveral Centuries of years Has Reign'd, as it by Sacred Writ appears. For Ephron Zobars Son, for Moneys fake Affurance unto Abraham did make, Of Machpelab, and th' Cave within that space, That he might have it for a Burying place: Abraham possession took thereof and made Room in the Cave, and Sarab therein laid; Three thousand and five hundred years are past, Since this, and more, yet money walks as fast, And vigoroufly, as if but in her prime, And never had been known before our time: Yet the in former times hath born great fway, Juday for her, his Master did betray : nce which near sevenceen hundred years are spun and yet the strengously about doth run;

Money Masters.

For Madam Pecunia will ne'er be Old,

So long as Sun and Moon their course do hold,

As she in former Ages did Enchant

And men lead as she pleased, she still does vaunt,

That she's grand Mistress wer of the same Art,

And doth not cease we see to Act her part,

Her Company to gain, men wait and Tend,

And her they's seek and Court, to the Worlds end.

2. On the Restraint and prohibition of Money's free passage.

THen Royall power, or states, do put Restraint On Money's passage, folks make great complaint City nor Country know not how to Live, If they to Money freedom do not give: When she's prohibited by the Command Of fupreme power, to pass from Hand to Hand, Both Rich and Poor do fadly then complaine, For without her, all Comfortless remaine: The Gripeing Usurer must now forbear, Cause Money is compell'd to disappear, No debts can now be got, tho long time due, Till the peeps out again, its vain to fue, Land-Lords must want their Rents, at their Rent day, Money's proscrib'd so Tennants can not pay Tradesmen, are heartless, live twixt hope and sear With careful thoughts, now Money I not appear 201

Oney the Goddes is which all Adore,
She charmes the Vniverse with her bright Ore;
All ages, sexes, and Opinions be
Greatly in Love with this same deitie,
Her Votaries, she bath in every state,
And princes court, and other potentate,
In all caballs, and Meetings ne'er so close,
She by her Charmes, their Secrets can disclose,
Cunning hatche plots thought to be surely laid,
Have been by her discover d, and Betray d;
And she by her Infatuating power,
Hath shew'd the company, the place and hour;

All Things. The greatest Secrets and most private things, Acted by Popes, or Emperors, or Kings, For love of Money have been plainly shown, Which otherwise would never have been known : In Country, Camp, and Court, the beares the Sway, And is so prevalent, the's ne'er said Nay : Her power can raise to Honour, or throw down A Noble-Man, and raise a filly Clown; If you defire to have your Princes ear, Make use of her, and then you need not fear, For, the into the presence-Chamber brings Some, that without her, ne'er should speak to Kings; And makes the way to bring some into Grace, Who neither merit Honour, nor a place, Favour she can procure at any time, And make a dunce unto preferment Climbe, When parts and worth Neglected are and sit Discouraged, and no Employment get: Where she does not appear to Interceed, There is small hopes your business will Succeed: Tis Money that procures a Man respect, And want thereof, is Slighted with Neglect,

4. On the prevalencie of Money, at Elections for Members of Parliament.

IF you desirous are, and have intent To be a Member of the Parliament,

Where

Money Masters.

Where choise of such is order'd to be made, Make Money there your friend, and that's the Trade, Befree but of your purfe, Treat very high, So Neighbours to the place, you may put by, And Gentlemen of good Account you may Out Vote, and by that means obtain the day : Money will make the Burrough-Men all keen To give their Votes, though they have never feen Your face, till the Election came in hand, Yet now their tongues, and hearts you may command. Money does many filly Men prefer, To places of great Truft, when others far More worthy for their parts, are let afide, For Money in this Cafe, is the main guide; And beares the Chiefest Rule in ev'ry place, Men to preferment brings, favour, and Grace :

5. On Moneys Rule in the Universities and Inns of Court.

IF you be at the University,
And there a very dunce, or Rakehell be,
Yet Batchelour, and Master too of Arts,
For Money you'l be made, tho you want parts,
And if you'd still advance to be more famous
Doctor you may proceed, then by Mandamus,
Without your keeping Acts or Exercise,
So whether you are Learn'd, or otherwise

All/Things

Does not appear, Money does falve up all,

She can a fool unto preferment call;

She can a Bishop make and Consecrate,

And him Install, with Splendor and great state.

The meanest Lawyer likewise we may see

By Moneys help, of call'd to the degree

Of Sergeant at Law, tho he've never Read;

And in's profession, is a dunder head:

Money has power, to raise him higher still,

For the a Judge can make him if she will.

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#### 6. On Divines.

Money the grave divine makes to dispense
With all the Checks of Tender Conscience;
Swallow down any Oath, and never stick.
Rather then lose a fair Rich Bishopprick,
Good Deanry, prebend, or fat personage,
They I hazard all upon the publick Stage,
Of Censure, and Reproach, rather then fail,
If what they wish to get, they may prevail,
Such are the Charmes of Money, that they will
Prove all things Lawfull by their Cunning Skill,
To their Advancement tends and case Lives.
And waste their Children great, and Rich their Wives.

7. On Domesticke Chaplains.

IF you Domestick Chaplain chance to be will to

When

Money Mafters.

When ere my Ladies Woman fears the'l prove, With Kidd unto her Mafter, he doth move, The honest Chaplain some Respect to show, Adviceth him the Abigall to woo, Tells him her Lady tuch great care doth take For her, that the will her a fortune make; And I too for my spoule sake, will bestow, First Living that falls in my Guist on you, That you with Comfort long may live together Solaceing your felves, in one abother, The hopes of cash, and Living too, do charm, The Chaplain fo, that he in Love grows warm, He Courts the proffirme, who does feem Nice, His Amours not Admitting in a Transport Yet after some Addresses the is won And fo the Chaplain gets a Butter d Bun, Upon th' Enjoyment, he perceives a Cheat On him is put, the Cushion some have beat Before he came, and made it fit for tife, He's grieved in his mind at this Abuse But then bethinks himself fince tie bis Lo He must be pleased, whether he will or not And so his hopes de solely rest in this That now the's wed, the'l do no more Amils, And thus the Idol Money hath fuch power, A man for Lave of her, will wed a Whore, Heuther wedde fuch, in hopes the Thopest prove May afterwards Repent his fond hot Love.

# 8. On Non-Conformists.

Some-Non Conforms, we oft see Tempted are
To wear a Surplice, keep set forms of prayer,
Kneel at the Sacrament, great Reverence show
To'th Altar, at the name of Jesus Bowe,
And at the other Rites no scruple make,
And all this for a good Rich Living's sake,
Which store of Money doth them yearly bring,
For Love of which, they'd yield the Mass to sing:
This Goddess Reforms, and Transforms a Man,
Prevails with some, more then the Gospell can.

# 9. On the Quakers.

The somethat seem hot Quakers will not Swear, Yet when things of Advantage do appear; By which great Proffit they may get, O then They'l Lye, dissemble, Cheat, like other Men, The Light within them, by the Spirit sed, For Love of Money is Extinguished, And the Old Man within 'em now bears sway, And so we're not to trust their Yea and Nay, Altho it be the Quakers Zealous Fashion, It is meer Cant, and great Dissimulation.

10. On persons in high Implayments ... A

Money is fure a Witch, and doth delude Men in great place, alwell as the Multitude

All Things. M

If the her glittering Spells before men caft, They're Captivated, then and held to fait. Neither then, Wildom, honour, honelty, Nor place of greatest trust, nor Gravity Can them Secure from this unhappy Fate, Witness some samous Men, but now of late; Such is the force of Money at all times. That she can Aggravate or lesten Crimes. The Guiltless she can Guilty make we see And can prevaile to set the Guilty free.

# it. On Judges

Money she can a Judges Eyes so Blind,
That he che Truth can neither see nor find;
But is mislead into some Error great,
Mistakes the Cause; I dare not say a Cheat:
But he's so strangely lead into mistake,
That he the greatest wrong for Right dock make,
Misrepresents the Evidence i'th Cause,
So th' Jury give, a Verdict, 'gainst the Lawa.

# 12. On Justices of the Peace.

Toth Justices of peace, men rarely bring
Money for favour, but some other thing;
As Turkyes, Piggs, Geese, Capous, they present,
To them, or to their Ladies with coment;
Or else the Clarks, by the poor Men are feedy.
That in Justice may, at Sessions interceeds

fo Money Mafters. And speak for th' Man, to get him a discharge, Of his Recognizance, to go at large: so the to Money the Justice is not bent, Yet he will something take equivalent.

#### 13. On Lawyers.

OS in Lingua, hath been a Proverb long, For Money truly charmes the Lawyers Tongue, She stupisies his Sense and makes him Dumb, He nothing fayes in's Clients Caule but mum, Book cases he torgets, and of his sense He's now depriv'd, has loft his Eloquence, And Gingling harangues which the Lawyers use The Caule to puzle, and court to Amule; His wrangling Logick too, he us'd to have, And urge in Court, his Clients Cause to fave, Is all now quite forgot, he cannot give One single Reason now, th' Cause to retrieve.

## 14. On Actorneys.

Oney Attorneys, and Sollicitors too, Charmes, To throw their Clients cause into her Armes; Then th' bufiness they negled, and take no care, Councel to fee or Witness to prepare, Th' Client a Bailiff Fees, to Cry about, Runs here and there, to find's Attorney out, Who purposely Absconds, keeps out of fight, And ne'er intends to do his Client Right;

All Things.

The Client, when too late, does understand His honest Cause was lost, 'cause not well Man'd; He blames th' Attorney, who for his Excuse, Begins his honest Client to abuse, Telshim, when as the Cause in Court was nam'd, 'Tappear in such a Cause he was Asham'd, And fays if he the truth had understood At first, of's Clients Cause not being good, He'd not have meddl'd in't, So with a Scoff, And a meet tham he puts his Client off, Thus Money can Non-Suit, defaults can call, Judgments Arrest, Money is all in all, She can demur, o'erthrow or favea Caufe, On either fide, with or against the Laws.

15. On the Spiritual-Court Men.

Fin the Spiritual-Court you chance to be Presented there, by some for Bastardy, Clandestine Marriage, or such like offence, The Court for store of Money will dispence With any Crime, And for your Moneys fake, You shall discharged be, no Penance make; But if this Idol's wanting, and you're poor, You then are Sentenc'd by the Chancellour Some Corporal penance publickly to make, That others may by you Example take, But in the other Case the Chancellour, The Advocates, Proctors, and Register, vaner A

Money Mafters.

When each of them have got a good round Fee, Then they contrive a way to fet you free, If you Whoremonger be, or Whore, or Gilt, Money prevailes to fet you free from Guilt.

16. On the Influence of Money in all Courts.

In Chancery, or th' Kings-Bench, if the appear, Or th' Court of Common-pleas, they her Revere, Or inth' Exchequer, or at the Affize, Or Sessions of the peace, the does Surprize; For the in every Office Regent firs, And there at all times hath her luckie hits, All Officers to her Obeylance owe, And do, when the appears, great Reverence show.

17. On Clerks of the Crown, and of the Peace.

CLerks of the Crown and peace, to bring about Their Covetous delignes, oft Issue out Illegal process, Money by't to get, And tho the people at such practice fret, And Judge or Justices, hear of the same, They'l find Excuses, to Evade the blame, So its in vain to Clamour at the Wrong, You may as well sit still, and hold your Tongue. When Bailiss come you must pay what they ask, Or they'l distrain, tho its an heavy Task,

Money to pay, where none is due of right, But this we fee, is oft o'ersway d with might, Money and Friendship, does o'er master all, Better sit still, than rise and get a fall.

18. On the Under-Sherriff, and affociate to the Clark of Affize.

FOR Money, the Subvic, keeps you at home,
So that you need not to th' Affices come
And if you by Mistake, or in some Flutry,
Happen to be Return'd on the grand-Jury,
If Money does appear, before the Eyen, standard Of the Associate to the Clark of th' Size,
Of the Associate to the Clark of th' Size,
He'l Skip your Second Call, no Bailiss Swears,
So you're discharg'd from Service, and from sears,
May take your time and go now where you please.
For you're at Freedom, and may take your Ease.

19. On the Sherriffs Sed-Keeper.

THE Sherriffs Seal-Keeper, or Clark for Money Will give you speedy Notice when there's any Mischiese against you out, that you at home May save your self, and Goods, before they come To make a prey of you, and what you have. So when the Bailiss come, then they will Rave And hunt about, and stamp and tear like Mad, When rot so much as Fees, are to be had.

B 3

Moriey Masters.

They being twice or thrice thus serv'd, you may Compound, get easte payments to a day,

And by this means great Charges you may save,

Which Sheriff and the Bailiffs else would have.

#### 20. On Bailiffs.

Ltho a Bailiff's chiefest Friend you are, Yet he for store of Coin, perhaps will dare You to Arrest, or else he will betray You to his Comrades, and shew how they may Arrest you, tell the Time, and also where, Which the poor harmless Man doth never fear, 'Cause his supposed Friend sits by demure, So the poor Fellow thinks all is fecure, But at longrun, the Catchpoles hurry in, And then the Judas rouzes, does begin To free and tume, and Quarrel every one, When he himself in Truth's the cause alone; And so behind Backs with a fleering Laughter, The poor Man like a Sheep, is led to th' Slaughter; By which we fee a Rascal Bailiff will His nearest and best Friend for Money sell,

#### 21. On Goalers.

A Goaler will for Money kindness show, frons keep off, above and not below. You're Lodg'd, may Eat and Drink too, at his Table, Have any thing you lack, if you are able

To

#### All Things.

To pay for it, but if you're poor you're thrown.

In the Low Goal, no favour then is shown.

Altho your Case be piriful and sad,

Yet there no Pitie, nor Regard is had,

But Money Friendship gets, does never fail,

Altho you're kept and Coopt up in a Goal.

### 22. On Witnesses in a Suite at Law.

Money, makes Things so evident and clear,
To things before they're born, some men will swear
Then others she makes that they cann't Remember
Whether in April'twas, or in December,
Or in what Year, or how the thing did happen,
He's now grown senseless, and has all forgotten,
Money distracts, takes memory quite away,
He knows not what was done but yesterday;
Memory she strengthens much, or doth decay,
Can make a Witness Swear just any way.

#### 23. On Sea Officers.

The Enemies may Sail by, without harm,
She Anchors them so fast, they cann't get free,
Or else the Fogs are thick they cannot see;
Until the Fleet of th' Enemy's past by,
And then the Officers do them discry,
O then they follow and pursue amain,
Discharge Broad-sides, but not a Man is Slain;

Money Masters.

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Or if there be, its some unlucky shot The Mischiese doth, which they intended not. Stores being gone, then they make of from Sea, Get fresh Recruits Aboard, expect some pay, Then they to Sea again return to Cruife, And spend their Princes stores in the like use As they had done before, so all this while Their Prince of pay and stores they do beguile, Money where she attempts she doth prevail Duty and Loyalty to fet to fale, And Shipwrack makes of a good Conscience, Makes breach of Trust and Oathes, seem no Offence, Such power this Facinating Goddess hath, She makes men caft of Fear, and shame, and Faith, A Conqueres we may her truly call, For Money does o'er Power, and Master all.

#### 14. On Privateers.

The Privateers do Cruise about the Main, Hazard their Lives and Ships, prizes to gain, And then the Masters must Compound and pay, Or else the Men and Ships, they Towe away, But if it be these Roving Robbers Fate, To fall i'th' Road of men of War, that wait These Privateers to Fight, and Seize upon, And they are taken, then they're quite undone, For th' men of War no Composition take, But these Men and their ships, free prizes make,

Yet they in hopes of Money take their Lot,
And they themselves some times do go to th' pot
Money's so prevalent, none can withstand,
For her, Men venture, both by Sea and Land.

25. On Land Officers, in the Field or Garrisons.

IF Money to a General, does Appear, She charges all, breaks through front, flanck and Rear, This Dalilah enticeth, till at Length She doth discover his whole Armies strength. Wherein it doth confift, and how it lies ; Then with her Lusture dazleth his Eyes: He's taken with a Slumber, Senseless made. And no Alarum takes, till all's Betray'd, His Army was fo posted that none could Dream of Surprize, but oh the Power of Gold. And Silver Charmes, Money's bright thining Twins; O Money, Money, when a War begins, Thou can't prolong it, or can make it cease; Thy Umpirage determines War and Peace; Tho th' Cause be ne'er so just, when War's begun, Yet without Money, it can not go on; Tis the procures both Armes, and Men to Fighe; She can defend the Wrong, o'enthrow the Right; Can make the Cannons to thut o'er or Mort, To batter, beat down, or not hurt a Fort, Make Fuzees fire, or dye, and, Bombs fall down, And to destroy or not destroy a Town:

Belieger

Money Masters.

18

Befiegers and Commanders Gold Bewitches, Their Men cut of within their Mounds and ditches Or wittingly Betray'd i'th' dead of Night, And so Confusedly do make their flight, Leaving their Guns, and Baggage for a prey To the Besieged, when they run away. As Money can Raile a Siege, before a Town, So when before't an Army doth sit down, And specious Termes unto the Town doth Tender, She can entice them, Quickly to Surrender; Altho the place be strong, and can hold out, Money can strangely bring the thing about, Where Vigorous Affaults can not prevail, Money can open th' Gates, and walls can Seale; Besiegers and Besieged, her obey; Its Money that does bear the Bell away; The Towns of greatest strength Money has won, Which by the force of Armes could not be done; Great Lewis knows't, this practice is his own, For this, not force, hath gain'd him many a Town. For Money, Officers falle Musters make, And also for this Tempting Idols sake, Their Soldiers they will Cheat of Clothes and pay, Quarters o'th' Tick leave, when they march away, Money's fo Tempting, when she comes to hand, Rather than part, they'l hazard a disband, She beares the Rule in great, aswell as small things. For the we fee, at all times Masters all things;

26. On Skippers, or Masters of Ships.

Money will make the Skipper Anchor weigh,
And in the foulest weather put to Sea,
And leave his Friends his Children and his Wife,
Hazard his Men, his ship too, and his Life,
So Charming is the glittering of this Ore,
That none can him perswade to stay on shore,
With or without a Wind to Sea he'l go,
Maugre his Friends, whether they will or no,
For Money is so much his hearts delight,
That neither stormes, nor Tempests him affright;

27. On Marchants.

Mer't not for hopes of gains and Moneys fake, For if they thought that Money would not come, Then they would keep their goods and ships at home, Tis Money makes them searless of their loss, Tho sometimes they come home by weeping Cross, Yet they're not satisfied, but hope to find, Fortune more savourable, and more kind, So they'l Adventure still, and not give o'er Their fresh pursuits, to gain this Guilded Ore, Till some of them Adventure all they have And so are brought, meer Bankrupes to their Grave, Whilest others do Arrive to great Estate, So Variable is all Humane Fate,

20 Money Masters.

When Money's Courted, some times she will fly, And of herself, at other times draw nigh; Tho she's a Witch as some have understood, And doth a man oft'times more harm than good, Yet so delightfull all her Charmings are, That poor and Rich in her desire a share; So that in all things whether great or small, We still do find that Money's all in all.

#### 28. On Sea Men and Land Soldiers.

Give Sea Men Money and you may procure
These men the greatest Hardships to endure,
Despise all dangers Fight with might and main,
Money does make them searless to be slain;
Tis she makes Soldiers Fight, by Sea and Land,
Pay them but well, and then you may Command
And greater Numbers have in Readiness,
Then you have need for; without Drum or Press,
They would not hide themselves, run into holes,
But briskly throng to you, in numerous shoals;
The force of Money all things doth Command,
Navies at Sea, and Armies too by Land.

### 29. On the Custome Officers.

Thou to get Money, is the only matter.

At which they aim; for where they get a Fee,

Tho they be Sworn, yet they can overfee,

And

And hazard both, their Conscience, and their place For Moneys fake, they'l venture a difgrace; But when no Money does appear, O then, They're in their Office very Zealous men : Will make stricke Search, and Rummage round about, Discovery to make, and find things out, For which there's duty or fore Custom due; Then they're severe, and will no Kindness shew, But tell you that, they are upon their Oathes And fo will grope you round upon your Clothes, That their be no Concealment by you made, You must excuse them, for it is their Trade: Money the Eyes can close, or open bring, That they can fee, or cannot fee a thing; Things done in time or out of time all'sone, Or if not done at all, the can Attone, Make all things currant pals at any time, And can procure Excuse for every Crime.

30. On Sergeants at Armes, or pursevants.

If a Sergeant at Armes or Pursevant,
Be sent for you, and Money you do want
To palm the Man, then he will search about,
And make Enquiry till he find you out,
And then away he'l hail you in great hast
He's other work in hand so can not wast
His time to wait on you, but you must go
Along with him, whether you will or no.

But

Money Masters.

But if you've store of Money for a Fee,
And entertain him well, he'l oversee;
And so return again, leave you behind;
And make Return that you he could not find,
But when that he unto your House did come
You'd taken a far Journey, gon from home;
The time you would return uncertain was,
So he was forc'd to let the business pass;
Thus Money blinds his Eyes, he can pass by,
And at's Return excuse it with a Lye.

#### 31. On Surveyors of Land.

And you th' surveyor would have Survey'd And you th' surveyor would your friend have made; Make Money then to him your surest Friend, She so essectionly will recommend You unto him, that you may him command For to Return his Survey of the Land, As you Instructions give, and do require, He'l make it more or less as you desire; Money so tempting is that she can have A man for love of her become a Knave, Rather than suffer Money to pass by, Men to oblige her, will both Swear and Lye.

### 32. On Stewards.

IF you would have a Farm at easie Rent, Let my Lords Steward know, what's your intent,

Be

All Things.

Be free to him, and he will bring t about
For he does always know when Farmes are out,
So if you store of Money to him bring,
At easie Rent, he'l place you on the thing,
Will get you License some fresh Land to plowe.
Or cut some Wood: and any kindness show;
Thus Money proves a powerful advocate
In Country business and affairs of State.

33. On Astrologers or Nativity Casters.

A Strologers if you to them are free Of Money, they'l cast your Nativity To be Auspitious, fortunate, long Life, And if you be a Man, then a Rich Wife You fure must have, and if a Woman, she Must wed an Husband of great Quality, Nought but prosperity shall you attend, When as your ftars do no fuch thing portend: Money does make Men in their Judgements Err, Just as you pay them, so they shall declare, If Nobly you do pay, good Fortune then, If meanly, various tis, like other Men, And in horary Questions they do give Good or bad Answers, as they do Receive, More or less Cash from you, out of your purse, So shall their Answers be, better or worse; Thus Money leads a Man which way she will, Makes him forget his greatest art and skills

And

Money Masters.

And does a very Changeling of him make,

To Right or wrong, he'l subscribe for her sake.

34. On Officers of the Excise.

H' Exciseman, a Concealment will o'er look, For a good Fee, not Enter't in his Book And where he has a kindness he will charge At easie Rates, others set down at large; For the Poor Ale-wives have in this no skill, So th' Officers, may Charge them as they will And whatfoe'er they fet them down, they must At the next siting pay, for there's no trust; The general Riders, and Surveyors too, This Idoll Money do adore and Woo, Think nothing Troublesome, nor count it pain, If they but this bright Goddess can obtain; And likewise every other Officer, Doth Complement, Cring, and make Leggs to hers She can procure dispatch without delayes, Or make you dance Attendance many daies, For the can Expedite or can Foreslowe Matters the can conceal, or Truth can show, She any thing can do that you would have She either can Condemn, or the can fave.

35. On Messingers.

I F you are in Arrears of fee-Farm Rent, To th' King, a Messinger to you is sent,

And

And when he comes his fee you must first bring, And pay to him, before you pay the King, From th' Kings Exchequer, he tells you there's due Eight pence a Mile, which he expects from you, If Money you do want, he will distrain So you must hunt about, for it's in vain To think to put him off, for he will flay And not fir from your House, till he get Pay, You time for th' Payment of the King may Crave, But I, faith he, my Fee will furely have, And when I come again, you may Expect Each time I'le have my Fee, for your Neglett. Himself and Horse you kindly Enterrain, And you betimes i'th' Morning do complain, No Money you can get, then he will take A Silver Tankard, Cup, or Bowle, so make Requital, in this base ungratefull way; And then take Horse, Farewell he can not stava And so the plate along with him must go, He's the Kings Messinger, who dare say no. The Love of Money doth most Men bereave Of all that's good, no manners the doth leave. Conscience, nor honesty, where Men do set Their minds on nought, but Money how to get

36. On Common Informers.

Ommon Informers, oft times do pretendi, Men Guilty are, when they do not offendi,

Tell

Money Masters.

26

Tell them they have Transgrest, and broke the Law, And so they keep Poor silly Men in Awe, Extorting Bribes by fraud and base deceit

For which sometimes, a pillory they get;

Then other whiles, where they do get a Fee,

They manifest Offences will o'er see,

So Money right or wrong, they'l surely have,

For she is the dear Solatrix they crave,

Moneys Memento, always in their Ear is,

Faciam ut mei Semper memineris,

The thoughts whereof do run so in their mind,

Their all, they'l set at stake, Money to find,

Their Credit place, and Conscience sans Control,

For Money's sake, they'l pawn their precious Soul.

37. On Church-Wardens, Surveyors of high ways, Overseers of the Poor, Assessors &c.

Hurch-Wandens and Surveyors of th' high ways,
Poors Overseers, and Sessors, now a dayes,
And other Officers, altho they swear
Their Office truly to perform, they fear
No Oath, nor do they stand the least in awe
Either of Conscience, or of the Law,
If they can either Money get or save,
Each of these Officers will be a Knave:
Geting or saveing, is such a tempting thing,
They'l private persons cheat, aswell as th' King

All Things.

The Goddess Money all Men Court and woo, To compass her they care not what they doo.

38. On Chief Constables.

Quarterly Moneys on each Constablery Charge, Is sometimes by the Master chief Enlarged, Six pence, a Groat, or three-pence in a Town, Above the Sums, the Sessions does set down, Which Overplus he puts into his purse, Tho'tis a Cheat, he likes himself no worse, And tho he know, if it discover'd be, He shall be punisht for such Knavery, Turn'd out of place, Indicted too, and Fin'd Yet th' Love of Money runs so in his mind, He'l hazard both his Credit and good Name, And wholly banish sear of worldly shame, Such power's in Money, and such Feats she works, That Christians, Heathens, and the Jews and Turks And all perswations she Charms to betray Credit and Conscience too, her to obey.

39. On Conservators of Rivers.

Conservators of Rivers, who are made
To look that Fisher-Men seave of their Trade;
In spawning time, and when Fish Kipper be,
If Money does Appear, they will o'er see
And Noughry Fish allow, not sit for use,
If Money pleads i'th Fisher-Mens Excuse;

SHE

Money Masters.

, 28

She can Excuse unlawfull Nets, and spears,
Line, leisters, Trolls, Pots, Angles, Leaps, and weates,
And all unlawful Engines in the water,
If she but Wheedles up the Conservator,
He has no Power, her Charmes for to withstand,
If she intrust hersels but in his hand,
O Charming Money with Bewitching wiles,
Men of their Honesty thou oft Beguiles.

40. On Post-Boyes.

Any dark Night, and Cruel Stormy day,
In Frost and Snow, and filthy dirty way,
Poor post-Boyes ride, sometimes are drown'd or starv'd,
It's wonderfull how they shou'd be preserv'd:
This hardship they, Poor Creatures do endure,
Great hazards run, some Money to procure,
Money's the Darling solace of their mind,
And th' only chiese Assum of Mankind.

#### 41. On Doctors.

When one is Sick, if Money do appear, She can prevail to have the Doctor there, And if the freely do attend the Man, Then he'l prescribe the safest Rules he can, And his Opinion tell of the Disease, And will prescribe such things as shall give Ease, Each time he comes, if he Receives a Fee, Then frequently you shall the Doctor see,

And

And so long time as he does Money find, He dayly shall add Comfort to your mind, And fay he hopes the danger is quite over, When he's affur'd that you will not Recover; There's hopes of life, as long as he gets Chink, But when that fails, he knowes not what to think, He then looks fleightly, and begins to fay, All hopes are past, you spend so fast away, He tells the fick Mans Friends he can not Live, He speaks the Truth, when they've no more to give And if the Poor be fick, he's then in haft, Or very busie, bath no time to wast, Money must come herself, or else you must Want his advice, for Doders will not Truft; If he be fure that he shall get no pay, The Docter's Tongue-ty'd, he has nought to fay; And so the Poor alone on God depend, Whilest th' Rich their Money on the Doders spend, Which the fhe Masters all things that have Breath, She can not Lengthen life nor Master Death.

## 42. Apothecaries.

When the Apothecary gets a Bill
From th' Learned Docter, for such Men as will
Good payment make, and where his Money's sure,
For such, he looks out drugs, both sound and pure,
And in his Mortar them will strongly beat,
And run his Pestel round until he Sweat,

C 3

Then

Money Mafters.

Then make the phylick truly up and Quick And then the patient Visit, that lies Sick, At your Bed-side he takes hold of your Arm, And in his Canting Termes, begins his Charm, Does feel your pule, and fayes he'l fet you Right, And talks, as if he'd Cure you upon fight, He to you then a Bottle small doth bring, And bids you taft, Oh'tis a cordial thing, Then he pulls out a pot of his Conserve. Which you must often take, it will preserve Your body Cool, repress excessive Thirst, But you must take of this same Bottle first Sayes he, then many pots and Glasses more, He leaves, t'inlarge his Bill, augment your score, Which signifie no more for you to Eat, Than Chip in potage, for 'tis all a Cheat, Then daily doth he, some slip slap or other, Bring to your Chamber, and there doth them clother, So those that come to Visit you, ne'er stop To fay, 'tis like th' Apothecaries Shop: Money does make his Morter sweetly Knell, And if you've none, it Tolls your passing Bell, Old Rotten drugs and Medicines he'l Try For th' Poor, cares not whether they Live or Die, For in such case where Payment he doth fear His Shop of Rotten Druge, then he will clear; If Money had the Power but life to give, The Rich would never Die, Poor not Long live,

IF you your Father Confessor do Feed,
With Cash, you need not fear what life you lead,
For you may Kill, Rob, Steal, Drink, Whore, and Swear,
Incest Commit, without regard or Fear,
Or other sins, for he can pardon all
Your great and Crying sins, as well as small:
And when you dye, if unto him you leave
A good round Summe, he then your Soul will save
From purgatory, It straight to Heaven goes,
Evades all purgatory pains and Woes,
And so the Money cann't prolong your days
Yet after Death, she hath the power to raise
You unto Bliss, if you have stedfast Faith,
For to Believe the Priest, In what he saith.

Lerks to the Justices of Peace, do Love

Choney to get, they for her sake will move,
And Vigorously for you will interceed,
If of your Purse to them you freely Bleed,
And them see Liberally, you then command
Their help for you, they Back and Edge with stand,
At Sessions get discharge upon your call,
So that you need not these Appear at all,
Or any other Service they can doo,
Either at Sessions, or at home for you,

C 4

Money

Money Mafters.

Money a Friend in Court, or other place
Can any time procure, the's in such Grace,
It Money comes, the Clark's your Friend ne'er fear it,
If the withdraw, Nullus Amicus erit.

45. On the Charms of Money in Horse Races, and Foot Courses.

A good Estate it craves, and a good Purse;
For when you match, tho vou're assur'd to have
The Match, yet if the Rider prove a Knave,
He'l Money take, you falsly to Betray,
And will for want of Rideing lose the day,
Or throw your Horse, or out of Wind him Ride,
Or purposely, run on the Stoopes wrong side.
And so the Match and keeping too are lost,
Then home you come, and Fret to be so Crost.
In most Foot courses too, like Tricks are play'd,
When wagers are put down, Cheats then are made,
Such Charms and Power in Money are we know,
She makes the Horse or Foot, Run Switt or slow,
This Idol Money the whole world deludes,
Both private Persons, and whole Multitudes.

46. On Gripeing Land-Lords.

Some Land-Lords minds on Money, are so Bent, They never cease to Rack and Raise their Rest; Money Money if they do but get, they do not matter
If the poor Tennants sit, with Bread and Water,
To Screwe and Squeese the Men, they ne'er give o'er,
Until the Tennane's brought to Beggars door,
When they the days of payment can not keep
The Land-Lord's gone with all, then at a sweep,
And leaves the Poor Man and his Family
Unto the Charge and Care o'th' Constablery,
Some men ne'er heed, if Money comes but in,
For they believe Oppression is no Sin.

#### 47. On Gamesters and Gaming.

Amesters at Cards will Cheat, and with fals Dice;
The Love of Money tempts them into Vice,
When taken with salse play, they'l Damn and Swear,
To get their Prize will Stab Men without fear,
The dearest Friends will Quarrel to such height
When they're at Game, they'l one another Fight
The sordid humour, and Covetous desire
Men have for Money, does breed all this Ire,
Some she makes merry, and some others Sad,
Some sull of passion, others staring Mad,
Such Strange Esses she woorks, as she thinks good.
Her Power's so strong, she's not to be withstood.

#### 48. On Schoolmasters.

THE pedigogue, who Rules as petty King, Over his young Subjects; unto those who bring Money Masters.
In their Relief, and make him punctual pay,
Observing constantly their Quarter day,
O'er such, his Rule is gentle Mild and free,
But o'er the Rest 'tis persect Tyranny
Money does make him kind, and pitifull
To Lads who are Insippient and dull,
He'l put them right, when they are at a Loss;
To th' Boys that pay not well, he is more Cross;
If they have not, Ad unguem every word,
Then he to them, no favour will afford,
But up they go forthwith at his Command,
And feel the Smart of his Correcting hand:
Dunces with Money, Friendship can obtain,
When wit without her, Friendless doth remain.

#### 49. On Petty Constables.

The Idol Money some times doth preser Before his conscience, and for her sake, The parties he will neither see nor take But make Return, that he can not them find, Lets them Escape, Money has made him Blind, Tho he be sworn truly to Execute His Office, th' Cause is clear, needs no dispute, Of Knavery to be Accus'd he's loth, Yet Money, he presers before his Oath, And rather then this Charming Miss he lack, Credit and Conscience too, must go to wrack.

## All Things.

#### 50. On Mountibanchs.

HE Mountebanck he Traverseth much ground To find the Place where Money doth abound Then up he fets his stage, where every day He shews himself; Andrew the Fool ith play For Money doth Appear, who for a wit, Doth come behind his Master ne'er a Whit, Thus Money can produce any disguise, Can make a wife Man Fool, and Fool feem wife a Then when from every Quarter of the Town People are Crowded in to fee the Clown, And gaz'd at him some time, and Laught a while. The Master then with Cring, and gracefull smile, Begins aloud, to fet forth and proclame His own great Wondrous Merits and his Fame, And tells what mighty Cures both far and near He hath perform'd in each place here and there. You may fays he, Enquire the Certainty; But you'd as good believe as go and fee, After his long Harangue, he's very willing To give you a small Packet for a shilling, Containing many Medicines, whole worth The little Printed paper doth fet forth, But when you come to Try these things indeed, and You'l find they're all but Cheats in time of need : 1 If you shall wait with Money in your hand, O then you may be certain to Command

His

Money Masters. 26 His best Advice, in whatsoe'er you will, And know the very Bottom of his Skill; Or Wen, Hair-Lip, or Cancer too he may A Cure perhaps perform, and take away. Which any Man can do, aswell as he. That is but Skilfull in Chyrurgery; If you are Blind, or Deaf, and can not hear He'l bid you trust to him, and do not fear, For he will Cure and can Recover both, But in such case to trust I should be loth, For we can seldom hear or ever find, That they the Deaf make hear, or Cure the Blind: Money's the Tempting bait at which they Bite, Care not if you ne'er hear, nor get your fight, For that's the only thing, they hancker after, If you ne'er mend, they turn't but to a Laughter.

## 51. On Dancing Masters.

HE dancing Master will his Coopees show
His steps, and Winds, if he of Money know
He'l skip about, and Nimbly dance and play,
When Entring pennyes come, or Quarter day,
Money makes both his heart and Feet so Light,
That he can cut his Capers bolt upright,
But when he Money lacks he's sadly dull,
If not his Belly, yet his heart is full,
He's out of order then, ready to Swoond,
He scarcely then can list his Feet of ground,

Such Vertue is in Money that the can Pur lite and Spirit into any man, When the appears to them; but when the's gone, Their hearts are dull, and heavy as a ftone.

52. On publick Waites.

THE publick waites who Liveryes do own, And Badges of a City, or some Town, Who are retain'd in constant Yearly pay, Do at their Solemn publick Meetings play. And up and down the Streets, and Town in cold Dark Nights, when th' Instruments they can scarce hold They play about, and tell what hour it is, And Weather too, this Course they do not mis, Most part of Winter, in the Nights; and when Some Generous Persons come to Town, these Men As foon as they're Inform'd, do then repair Unto their Lodgings play them some fine Ayre Or brisk new tune, such as themselves think fit, And which they hope, with th' Gallants fancies hit, They cry God Bless you Sirs; again then play, Expecting Money, e'er they go away, For the's the Mils that in their hearts doth Reign, No waiting's servile thought, this Miss to gain, All Trades, with all professions, and all Arts, Money to compais, do all Act their parts, She makes a Jubile where e'er she stayes, And where the's not, they have but Anxious dayes. 53. On

53. On Fenceing Masters.

Appear upon the Stage, to shew his skill,
And Art in Fencing there, before Mens Eyes,
And publickly will Fight to get a prize,
Himself adventure to be Cut and Slasht,
And some times Main'd perchance, or soundly Gasht,
By his Antagonist, some times in Rage,
Disgracefully in scorn, thrown of the Stage;
So sprightly Vigorous is Moneys Charm,
He will Adventure both disgrace and harm,
Nay men about Miss Money make such stir,
That they will Resolutely dye for her.

## 54. On the Bell Man.

THE Bell Man at the Dead of Night walks round,
And with an Hollow Voice, and dolefull found,
Puts you in mind then of your later end.
Instructions gives, how you your Life should spend,
What time of Night it is, he doth declare,
Then to another place he doth Repair,
And thus from Night to Night, though ne'er so Cold,
In Frost and Snow, this Constant course doth hold,
And all this hardship he doth undertake
Without Complaint, for Madam Moneys sake
For he without her knows not how to Live,
So day and Night he will Attendance give,
And

And thinks no Service nor no pains too much,
For Moneys take, his Love to her is fuch.

## 55. On High-Way-Men, and Padders.

Some to get Money think no pains too great,
Others for Love of her, Lye Swear and Chear, But High-Way-Men and Padders for her fake, Venture their all, and fer their Lives at ftake, And whether they, by Horse or Foot do Rob, Perchance those they affault, may do their Job; But if they're neither flain, nor foundly Bang'd, Yet if they're taken, they'l be furely Hang'd, And the before hand, their hard Fare they know, Yee they for Lady Moneys fake doe show, Such Love and Kindness, that they value not Her to obtain, if they're Kill'd on the foot, And few of them though long time they have past, But they are either kild, or hang'd at last, Money is fure a Witch, that can entice Fond Men, to Run just headlong into Vice, And desperately to Act, and perpetrate A Wickedness, attended with such fate Besides the Sin doth recompence their pains, With Hanging sometimes Gibbetted in chains.

## 36. On Vsurers.

If your Security be good, you Speed,

Money Masters. 40 But then the Viurer he doth Exped Payment of Interest, you'l not Neglet, Every fix Moneths, or elfe besure he'l call Both for the Use, and for the Principal, And if you're not provided to pay't in, To threaten you with Law, he doth begin, Then you must Treat th' Old Miler, presents make To th' Wife, or Son, or Daughter, and them take For Friends, that you may keep't to further day, Till you the Summe are able to Repay; And thus they're harrazed, that Money lack Enough to make their very Heart-strings crack; Money is fure the Root of every Evil, And th' Love thereof proceedeth from the Devil.

57. On the Force and power of Money, in the preferment of Young Lasses.

THE Curious Girle come of good parentage,
Of Comely body, Beautifull, right Age,
Endow'd with Natures prime and cheifest Arts;
Which one would think, could charm beholders hearts,
Yet if she Money lack, she's only Gaz'd
And lookt upon, and for a Beauty prais'd,
But often stayes until her Beauty fade
Before she's Courted, and a Wite is made,
And then the Courtship oft times proves to be
By those who are below her Quality,

To whose Embraces, she must yield Consent;
Else single Life to lead, must be Content.
Whereas the Squint-Ey'd, Lame, deformed Lass,
If she have Money, doth for Beauty pass,
Persons of all degrees do her Admire,
Not for her Self; her Money they defire,
Which if she wanted, no Man would Endeavour
Her Love to gaine, But she might stay for ever,
Curse on this Money, that doth men Ensnare
To leave the fine, and take the Coursest ware,
She forces Men deformities to woo
All Sizes, Ages, and all Colours too.

#### 58. On Clippers and Coyners.

THE love of Money is so prevalent,
Some Men and Women are so fully bent
In quest of it, that they will undertake
To spoile the Currant Coin for lucre's sake
Clip, Round, or Wash, Diminish or Impair;
Or Falsisie, all which Offences are
Treason by Law, and such as are discry'd,
And guilty sound thereof, when they are Try'd,
Must suffer Death, with Scandal and disgrace;
On Slods the Men are drawn unto the place
Where they their Ignominious Exit make,
And Womens Doom is Butning at a stake.

Many such Persons, surely does Enchant
hose minds and thoughts these Terrors do not day

Money Masters.

Her Charmes are wonderfull that can require

Men to be Hang'd, Women to Burn i'th' Fire:

#### 59. On Musitians.

Musicians run about from place to place,
To Wedings, Fairs, cock fightings, and horse-race
And such like Meetings, hopeing there to find
Some frollick persons, to them will be kind,
And Money give them, which their hearts will Chear,
And please as well as musick doth the Ear,
No harmony like Money in one's Purse,
And where she's not noe Sadness can be worse,
Money's the univertal Anodyne,
And of more Solace, than Musick or Wine
Where e'er she comes and stayes she makes men glad,
Dipels all grief, they seed not then be Sad:

#### 60. On Sextons or Bell Ringers.

THE Sexton every Morning and each Night,
Winter when Dark, and Somer when it's Light,
Enters the Church, though it be ne'er so Cold,
Maugre all phantasms there, with Courage Bold,
And then at th' noted hour, does Ring the Bell,
That all the Neighbours, round about may tell
How th' Night does pass away, and day draws on,
That so the People may then think upon,
What Business they have then, to go about;
And thus the Sexton the whole year throughout
Observes

Observes his hour, and at the Quarter day
Do's call upon his Masters for his pay:
'Tis Money that he works for, that's the thing,
That makes him time observe, and Bell to Ring,
For if he had no Money to Receive,
He'd Ring no Bell, nor no Attendance give.

#### 61. On the Common Cryer.

The Common Cryer walks about, with's Bell,
At certain places makes his stand, to tell
And publish things, that he is to make known
To strangers, and to th' People of the Town,
This he performs, for mean and sorry Fees,
Some Money's better far, then none he lees,
And of th' Old saying, he does notice take,
That many littles, does a Mickle make;
For Money, Men are willing to take pains,
And rather then Idle sit, for little gains.

#### 62. On Miners,

Iners that work below within the ground, For Coals, Lead, Tinn, or Iron, oft are found Crush'd by the falling in of Earth to Death, Or sulphurous damps do Rise, and stop their Breath, The Love of Money makes them thus to venture For therein does their Chiefest comfort Center, It's their Alexicacon, and no Evil They sear, if Money comes, no not the Devil D 2 Money

Money Masters.

Money Poor Souls they do so highly prize,
To compass her all dangers they despise,
Into the Dark and deepest pits they'l Sink,
Midst noisome Vapours down, even to hell's brink,
Adventure Life, and Limbs, and all that's dear,
For Moneys sake, banish all panick fear;
Men boldly undertake and fearless are
In things, where Money falls unto their share.

#### 63. On Common Fowlers.

The common Fowlers which do mak't their Trade,
In many Carr, and Plash of water wade,
In Hail, and Frost, and Snow, they go about,
Walk here and there, in hopes to find Game out,
And all this pains they take with willing Mind,
Because thereby they Money get, they find,
Which cheers their hearts, and Minds, when they her get,
Altho their hands, and feet, be cold and wet,
Let Poverty or Riches, be ones Fate,
Money's Consolabund in every State.

#### 64. On the Arms Painters.

IF to th' Arms Painter, you do tell your Name,
He'l quickly find a Coat out for the fame,
And he will tell you for a good round Fee,
That it belongs unto your Family,
'When as perchance, if you fall into strife,
You have as good a Right to th' Heralds Wife;

All Things.

Yet he for Money will such kindness show He'l give you Coat, and Creaft, and Mantling too, And all in Colours neatly will display, Deliver't then to you, to take away, Which you may use, and by it Cut a Seal And Challeng't as your own, he'l not reveal, Your Money stops his mouth, he'l silent be, Altho he knows 'tis Cheat and Fallacy; He that has Money, may take anothers Right And keep and use it, in the Owners fight, Money makes wrong be Right, and Right be wrong, She makes a Man to speak, or hold his Tongue, She's the Enchanting pharmacentria Whoes powerfull Charmes can lead Men any way.

65. On Moneys Efficacy, in gaining feeming Love to Old Men, and Old Women.

MOney will make a Fresh young Bucksom Lass, Let an old crazy Dotar'd her Embrace, She'l think him brisk and fresh as Rose in June, If wanted wealth, she'd sing another Tune, And him which now Enjoyes her Maiden-head, She would disdain, and fly his hated Bed, But she her brisk Amours does foon forfake, And her Old man she doth a Cuckold make, And that's the Fortune of Old Silly Fools, That match themselves to such young airy Tools, \* Equality

The

Money Mafters. 46 The Withered Old Woman, if she've store Of Cash, the young Gallant will her Adore, And Swears the's Lovely, he dyes, if he mils her, Whereas if Poor, the'd make him Spewe to Kilsher, Th' Old Creature does believe, is at's Command, Pleights him her Troth, and gives to him her hand, Consents to Marriage, he visits her each day, And the like a young Girl doth Toy and play, At length the day doth come, that they are Wed, And he against his stomach, goes to Bed, He Kisses her, and sore against his will Her old Lascivious humour doth fulfil: Thus for a while, he'll please, and slights her not, Till he her Money, Gold, and Bonds has got, And then he weary grows, and can not Kiss, Loathes her Embraces, must now keep a Miss, Under her Nole, for th' pleasure of his life, With whom he'l Kiss, in spight of his Old Wife, Th' old Woman storms, that she's so much Neglected, And th' gay Flurting Miss is so Respected, She fighs and fobs, that the alone must lye And her brisk Youth abhors her Company, And nought delights him now, but his young Mis, But such the Fruits of such a Marriage is, For Youth and Age, are very feldom found In their Embraces, constant firm and Sound, The one Repents the Folly they're run in, Whilest th' other wallows in their Luft and Sin. Equality

Equality in Age, and in degree,
And Fortunes too, make the best Sympathy.

66. On Farmers Husband-men and Graysiers

THE Farmer Husband-man, and Graysier keep Their Cattel, Horses, Butter, Corn, and sheep, And several Markets Try, both far, and near, Having still hopes, to Sell their goods out dear; Their Cattel they will Comb, and Horns will greafe, That they may viewly look, and Chapmen please, Their facks, and pokes, with well dreft Corn they'I face, When that within's ill Dreft, and very base, A Sample of their finest Corn they'l get, Seldom deliver th' rest, like unto it, For that was done, to draw the Bargain on, They care not, how th' Corn's dreft, when that is done, Such Tricks as these they have, Money to gain, And many more, For her they beat their Brain, She is the only thing for which they Toyle, Early and Late, and work, and Sweat, and Moyle, And when they Money get, the brings Relief, And Recompenseth all their Care and Grief, But when they Money want, they can not Rest, For then with grief and care, they are opprest.

67. On Millers.

WHen Corn is dear, the Miller often is (To get great gains) Tempted to do amils, D 4 Money Masters.

Not pleas'd with's due, Excessive Toll he'l take,
And all the Country Cheat, for Moneys sake,
But the Old Saying is, as hath been told,
An honest Miller hath a Thumb of Gold,

# 68. On the Influence Money hath amongst Labourers and work-People.

Pay well, and give good Wage, you need not want Carpenters, Masons, Slators, and Lime-Burners, Brick-Layers, Tilers, Shinglers, Joyners, Turners, Smiths, Plummers, Glassers, Leaders of Sand, Thatchers and Gardiners, you may command, Or other Workmen; Money is their Bliss, They think that there no greater Comfort is; When Mowers, Rakers, and Reapers, are but few, Two pence advance in Wage, procures enow, When neither love nor fayour can procure 'em, Yet powerfull Money failes not to secure 'em; For where they get best wage, and surest pay, Those Masters they will follow and obey.

#### 69. On Gardiners.

IF standards, or wall-Trees, you mean to plant, And with a Gardener treat, for those you want, No sort of fruit Trees, you can easily name, But he'l assure you, he has some o'th' same,

But his are of the Choicest Fruit, and best, That can be had, so price above the rest Of Common Gardeners, he'l have for his Trees, And thus he wheedles you, at length agrees To furnish you with some of every kind, And so he Money gets to please his Mind; And that's the thing which he hath in pursuit, And you must take your hazard of the Fruit; So after patience had for some few years, At length, Crab, fower, and mean trash Fruit appears, At which you're vext to find the fellows Cheat, You fend for him, can scarce forbear to beat The Man, you call him Rascal Rogue and Knave, He caps and Cringes, does your patience crave, To hear him speak; he did not understand Your foil so well as now; there's too much Sand, Or Clay or Mud, or Gravel in your ground, There lyes the Michief Sir, I now have found, And that's the reason why your Fruit proves nought, For there's no fault I'm fure, i'th' Trees you hought, I have some Trees right for this soil will prove, Else you shall have them all Sir, For your Love, Thus both your time and Money you have loft, And by this Cheat, you're put to double cost, Before he brings you Frees, he knowes are right, Altho he cold have done it at first fight; But Money was the thing the Man did cover, All Sciences and Trades, do fondly Love it,

Money Masters.

They care not what they do for Love of gain,

No Cheats nor Tricks for Money they'l refrain.

70. On the Provident Country House-wife.

THE frugal Wife, hath great care in her Head, She Rifeth early, and late goes to Bed, She is more Thrifty in her house then any, She'l nothing wast, she thinks will make a penny, If ought be broke, or out of order let, She Chides her Servants, and is in a Fret, To mind her Chirn, Bowls, Dishes, and Milk-pale, Be Scowr'd, and Washt, and Scalded, she'l not fail, And all her Vessel kept, Neat, Sweet, and Clean, No Sluttishness about her Milk is seen, She minds to keep the same, both sweet and good, And so she doth her Bread, and Drink, and Food, In Brewing, Bakeing, and in dreffing Meat, She's frugal, cleanly, and Exceeding neat; Enough's a Feast, so more the will not have, Profulenels she's against, resolves to save, For she's not given to a Lavish folly Better have many Meals than few and Iolly. Her Cream into the Chirn, she sees pour'd in And minds her Maids be clean, when they begin To Churn, and that they have no nasty Clout About them then; nor lick nor take none out, She makes them take't clear out, when th' Butter's got, Then strains the Milk through fieve into a pot,

Thus the faves all, to th' bigness of a Nut And the that does not fo's, a Careless flut, Then the doth wash it clean with water fair, Leaves not a Moat therein, nor the least hair, Then weighs it up, and for the Market makes it. And there, all those that know her, quickly takes it; To th' making then of Cheese, she takes great Care, Minds that the Rennet's Sweet, and Cheese meat's fair. In clean Cloths put, each time they go to th' prefs, And there fet straight, not slubber'd in by guess, Her Curds when they're at height, she takes up all Least they unto the Kettle bottom fall, Drowsie and Sleepy most Maids are, she knows, So she doth look to th' Milking of her Cows, Their paps she'l have well drawn, they must not leave. So long as th' Cowe a drop of Milk will give, Her Hogs and Calves then, the will have well ferv'd, If to her Maids the trust, they'l be half stary'd, For th' Meat's some times so thin, and Cold they get. That they'l not lye their Mouths to't, but take pet, Then otherwhiles they make't so hot indeed, To death they'd scald them, if she did not heed, Her turkyes, Geese, and Ducks she minds each day Makes them convenient Nefts, when they do lay, And when their Nefts they Feather and would fit, Such number of choice Eggs, she'l for them fit As the thinks they can Cover well and Brood When they come off, there's Water fer and food, But

Money Masters.

But then she minds, when from the Nests, they're rais'd, They stay not too long off, least th' Eggs be daz'd, The time of hatching, she knows very well, And then observes, and helps to crack the shell, If the perceives the young-ones are but weak, She helps them then, out of the shell to break, And carefull is to get them brought up fit, For th' Market, or for her own Pot or Spit, Her Hens to count each Night she will not fail And with her Finger grope them in the And fuch as are with Egg, she doth secure, No Eggs can then be loft, she is right sure; Then when her Hens do sit, she Careful is As for her other Fowl, there's nought amis; She at the Winnowing of Corn will be, To have't well dreft, and no wast made she'l see, If th' wind be high, to Winnow then the's loth, Leaft any of the Corn blow of the Cloth, When th' Corn is fit to measure, the takes care To do't herself, or see't done, when she's there, Into some Garner then, the Corn's convey'd, For th' house use there or for the Market layd; A good Wife thus, takes care in every thing, Which she conceives or knows will Money bring, Money's the Solace of her mind and heart, To compass which noughts wanting on her part, She toils all day, and in her Bed contrives All ways for Money, few fuch carefull Wives, Her

Her mind runs after that will Money bring,
And she will Money make of any thing,
The saying's old, but much Truth doth contain,
Unthrifty Wives wast more than Husbands gaine,
For th' Husband that would thrive, and Riches have,
Must in such case his Wifes permission crave.

7 1. On the different Effects wrought by Money, between the Necessitous Person, and the Miser.

Oney if we do but confider't well, We find produceth good Effects and ill, She the Necessitated doth Relieve, And out of Miserie doth them Retrieve, She brings them Comfort, when their hearts are down, And makes them Courage take, 'gainst fortunes frown: But to the Miler, the's another thing, Money great Mischief unto him doth bring The more he gets, the greater is his Curle For he thereby becomes still worse, and worse, The more he hath, he still doth Covet more, And will not cease till Death calls at his door, Then all his hourded Treasure he would give, To Bribe and put of Death, that he might Live, But now he fees the folly of his gains, They cannot life prolong, nor ease his pains, Money no Comfort now affords the Man, When he begins to look pale faint and wan,

And

Money Masters.

And sick to Death, O then, he doth Express
Great grief and Sorrow for his Wickedness,
And if he were to Live again, he would
Abhor the eager gripeing after Gold,
But death's inexorable and gives no dayes
No pleadings he admits of for Delayes,
But when he comes poor Mortals to Arrest,
They Natures debt must pay, without Contest.

72. On Moneyes Influence over some Girles, and Wives.

Any fine Girl and Wife, through long pursuit With Money tempted is to prostitute Her Curious Body, and to pawn her honour To some young Gallant, that is brisk upon her, And thus this Idol Money doth entice Many fine Creature to submit to Vice, And great debauchery, without Control, To th' hazard both of Body and of Soul.

73. On Moneyes strange Charmes in breeding Quarrells, or Reconsiling differences.

Reat is the power that is in Money had,
The force thereof produceth good and bad
This wicked Idol makes dear Friends fall out,
Great Foes to be great Friends, the brings about,
Money

Money can make Men one another sue,
And Act such things, which afterwards they'l rue,
Nay she can make them one another Fight,
And Murder out of hand some times in spight,
She Quarrels breeds, and also Reconsiles,
Which way she will, she leads Men with her wiles:
Nor wit, nor Force, is able to withstand,
Her Charmes are such, she all Men does Command.

74. On the Power of Money amongst poor Labouring Men.

The Labourer, that duely works for hire,
Will take it, and will Labour very fore
To get two pence, or three pence sometimes, more
Than daily Labour comes to, so the Man
Works late and early, with all strength he can,
And when he gets his Wage, it Chears his heart,
With Joy to's Wise and Children he'l depart.

75. On Butter Buyers or Factors.

HE Butter Buyers mongst themselves agree. How they may Gull, and Cheat the Country, They know poor Farmers are enforch to sell, So they do make the price just as they will, Higher or lower prices they set down, As they see more or less come to the Town,

When

Money Mafters.

When there does come, plenty of Firkins in, Then to th' Poor Men they stories do begin, Tell them at London th' Markets are so low, That how to buy and save, they do not know, Tho not a word of this they know is true, Yet by this Artifice, they Wrest and Screw Great proffit to themselves, and Money get, From th' honest Farmers, without much Regret: These Buyers mongst themselves low prices make, Which the Poor Farmers are enforcst to take. For Money they do want, else had not come, So fell they must, Money to carry home; But when these Factors Orders do receive To Buy a parcell quickly up, they'l give Twelve-pence advance Perhaps, or some times more, But when they're serv'd the price is as before, And thus the County is brought to submit, And take fuch prices, as these Men think fit; If you a Pound or more, do want of weight, Then you must make Abatement for it straight; But if your Firkin proves a pound or two O're weight, for that they nothing will allow, At every Turn, proffit they're fure to make, And all the Country Cheat, for Moneys fake.

76. On Corn Marchants, and Malsters.

Orn Marchants, and the Malsters chiefest Care, Is Grain to buy cheap in, and sell out dear.

When

All Things.

When Farmers, and poor Husband men, would fell, Wages to pay, or Rents to Raife, they finell Their want of cash; then are they very shy Are full of Corn, want Money, can not buy, But it they can but bring you to their Pin, They'l Bargain then, your Corn you may bring in; And thus does Run Poor Mens unhappy Fate, They must for Money sell at any Rate; But when the Buyers have got pritty ftore And for some time resolve to buy no more, Then they bethink themselves whether last Year. Or this, they did their Corn buy in more dear If the last year, great store of Old they have, If this more dear, they could no old store save; So all must go at the best price they give, And by this means they're Rich, and bravely live; If Money can but any wayes be had, It's welcome tho the means be ne'er so bad, When as a steeping failes, and th' malt's not Right; Then that is mixt, layd in some place in fight, To fend abroad to those whose Custome they Do not Regard, because they badly pay, But those that take up much, and take great Care To make good payment, get the choisest ware, So runs the world, these that have Money may Have any thing, where'ts wanting, they're faid Nay.

77. 8%

## 77. On Fobbers of Cattel.

To some Remote farr market them to drive, Where he's in hopes, they will good profit bring, And that alone, is the desired thing, At which he aimeth, and all People Covet, Forsail mankind of all degrees do love it: 'Tis Cash each Man desires to have, and keep it, He, that does not, Quæ te dementia cepit, May well be said of such, for't comes to pass, Where Money's wanting every silly Ass Insults o're you, his Tongue is there let loose, Altho he scarce can say, Bo, to a Goose. Money procures Respect, to every Fool, He's Capp'd, and Cring'd, tho he look like an Owle.

#### 78. On Butter Searchers.

IF th' Butter Searcher, do some Firkins find,
Not persect Right, yet some times he'l be kind,
And pass'em by, if th' Owners he do know,
And be assur'd they'l kindness to him show,
And presents make unto his Wife, or Self,
For the no Money Bribes this Cunning Else,
Would be suppos'd from any to receive,
Yet he will take what other things you'l give,
If any call these Bribes, he hath this shift,
Will tell you no, what is more free then Gift,

If you, Corn, Geese, or Turkyes, will send in, He'l take em kindly, and will think't no Sin.

#### 79. On Farryers.

IF you've an Horse that's sick or Lame, wants Cure, When e'er the Farryer comes, he'l you affure That he can cure him, and will undertake That he'l perform great Feats, for Moneys sake ; He knows how many Bones, and Joynts, as plain, And every finewe Artery, and Vein, Are in your Horse, and where and how they lye, As if he'd Read upon Anotamy: And yet for all his Skill, we often fee, That he does clear mistake the Mallady, Which being not by him right understood, He oft gives that, which doth more harm than good; And so instead of Curing of your Horse, He makes him every day, farr worse and worse; Until at length, he turns up's heels and Dye, And yet the Horse-Leech you must satisfie For his Medicaments, Labour and pains, And so your loss, at length becomes his gains; I've known a Noted Farryer so Missed, He's faid an Horse was strain'd, or Tissed, And has hot Oyles unto the Horse apply'd For some sew dayes, until it was Espi'd The Horse was Gravelled, and did break out Above the Hoofe, which put it out of doubt,

He

60 Money Masters.

He wonders then, he should so far mistake, And sayes he now must other Measures take, He Cuts the hoof, sinds all within decay'd, The Horse will lose his hoof, I am afraid, Cryes he, then long time tampers with the same, Till th' Horse is Kill'd or at the best proves Lame, And yet tho through this Fellows Ignorance, To you befalls this dammage and Mischance, He I have the Considence Money to ask, Though he thus tondly have perform'd his task. But yet I think if he had his desert, To pay for th' Horse in such case is his part.

80. On the Horse Fockey.

In hopes that he thereby shall fill his purse,
With white and Yallow Ore, which will Revive
His drooping thoughts, when he finds he shall thrive:
Boy I'd Corn, with mash, and Balls, and other things
He gives his Horse, which he knows quickly brings
And plumps him up, makes him look fat and Fair,
And for a Market handsome viewly ware,
And tho he know in this, there's much deceit,
Yet he to get him off, doth use this Cheat,
I'ts Money that he wants, and her he'l have,
So Tricks will play, Money to get or save,
She is the dear prolubium of his Mind,
And to get her, he many wayes will find.

## 81. On the power of Money in Estrangeing a Man from his Acquayntance.

IF your Acquaintance which you once have known I Was rich, and's now grown poor, you'l scarce him own Especially if you foresee and know, He comes to beg, or something ask of you, You'l not Remember then, that you before Have seen him, walk Sir, trouble me no more; O sie on Money, that she shou'd thus make, A Man his old Acquaintance to forsake.

#### 82. On Badgers.

Rom Market unto Market the Poor Badger
Doth Ride and Run, and make himself a Cadger
Or Corn, from place to place, and takes great pains,
And all is but to get a little gains,
And if with proffit Money does but come,
He with Rejoycing then Returneth home,
Money revives his heart, if she'l be found,
For her dear sake be'l seek the Country Round

## 83. On a Gentlemans Shepheard.

IF you have such a stock and store of Sheep, That you a Shepheard are Enforch to keep, Then over him you ought to take some care. For they oft times Knavish, and Roguish are;

Not

Money Masters,

62

Not pleased with their wage, more gains to make, A sheep or Lamb, they now and then will take, Then show their Skins, and by some Dogs they'l say Chased they were, and kild but Yesterday, Or by Missortune, fell into some Ditch, And so were drown'd: Money doth them Bewitch, To steal the Muttons, their needs to supply, Then think t'excuse the matter with a Lye, He that gives too much Credit, and believes His Servants at all times, shall make 'em Thieves.

### 84. On Inn-Keepers.

IF to an Irm you come, and freely call, 10 then, the Masters Company you shall Forthwith enjoy, there's nothing can withstand, But he is folely Sir, at your Command, The Hostler is call'd in to take a Glass. The Master chargeth him before he pass, To take care of your Horse, and rub him clean, That not a bit of dirt be felt or feen, Set him in the close stall and fill his Rack, And let him Eat until his Belly Crack, Then feed and Water him in time, if you Expect the Gentleman shall kindness shew, Then you, and th' Host do six and Bowze about, And try which of you two does prove more flout, And when the one of you does Drowse grow, it's then high time, for you to call and know

All Things.

To see your Lodging-Chamber and the Bed, Where you must Rest and lye your Drowsie-head; I'ch' Morning you reioyce to meet again, And tall afresh into a merry Vein; And when you're for your Journey, then comes in The Land-Lords dram o'th' Bottle, he'l begin Your health, wish you an happy Journey home, Seldome such Guests unto his house do come: That Money freely spend and fill his Purse, For when the Niggard comes it is a Curse, He for a Single pot will call, and fir, And spend an hour at least in Drinking it, Then out he walks to fee his Horse i'th Stable, And then comes in, and bids em spread the Table, And let him have his Supper very Quick, For he'l to Bed, he feels he's somewhat sick, Such Guests the host had rather be without, 33 And when they're gone, he doth deride and flout's So Money's certainly the only thing, That Men to favour and Respect doth bring And he that wants it, is Esteem'd a flave, And the Poor Man that cannot pay, a Knave.

#### 85. On Vintners.

THE Vintner, if you are a Constant Guest And Nobly spend, you need not to request The Choicest Wine, for he will on his word, Bring the best in, his Cellar will afford,

E 4

And

Money Mafters.

And fit down by you, not go out of Sight, Nor leave your Company by day nor Night, So long as you will fit and Drink good Wine, Tho it be ne'er so late he'l not repine, Money comes finely in and that's the thing Rubs off all carefull thoughts, and makes Men sing; When you are weary grown, can Drink no more, Your Gust, and Appetite for to restore, Then Olives and Anchovies are brought in Which when you tast, afresh you do begin, Place me Three or Four Bottles more in fight, And them you Sipple off, then bid Good-Night, But when the Mifer doth come in and call For gill, or Pint of the best Wine, you shall The drawer cryes, have that that's very fine, Canary, Rhenish, White, or Clarret Wine, Let me a Gill of your best Sack then have, You thall, you shall he Cryes, and then the Knave. Good and bad Wine doth mix, then up doth pas, And pours some neatly out, into the Glass, How Nitty, and how Raisie't looks cryes he, This is good Wine Sir, if you'l Credit me, The Miser Tasts, and Smacks it in his Mouth, I doubt you've Cheated me, you Cunning Youth, Upon my word Sir, 'tis the very best, None such I'd draw, were't not at your Request, Pray Tast it then, he Sups, and Squirts it out, Why Sir, what ailes this Wine? you'l pot find out

A better Glass ith' Town, this I dare fay,
The Miser Drinks it off, so goes his way.
But doth Suspect there's better Wine i'th' House,
But not for th' Custom, that's not worth a Louse,
Those that do freely spend, the best Wine may
Command, when those that do not, are said nay.

#### 86. On the Wine Marchants.

I F the Wine Marchants Cowper chance to light Upon a peece of Wine, that's good and Right, The Marchant faves't for him that payes the best, And sends it in to him, without Request, That all the Town throughout, he may out brave, That such a peece of Wine none of them have.

#### 87. On Porters.

Porters at Tavern doors, or some street end,
With Pokes, and Cords, do constantly attend,
To wait a Turn, or on an Errand go,
Or goods and Luggage, carry to and fro,
And thus from day to day in Heat and Cold,
In weather wet and dry, this Course they hold,
Labour and any hardship they'l endure,
So they thereby can Money but ensure;
Money's the Pharmacotheon indeed,
That Cures Mens grief in greatest time of Need.

### 88. On Hackney Coach-Men.

Is Pleas'd therear, tho others do Complain
For he's in hopes to have then a good Trade,
Whereby great store of Money will be made,
He values not, though he be wet to th' skin,
If he can get but store of Money in,
In wet and Cold he'l drive, tho Storms be great
And in hot Weather moile in dust and Sweat,
And in his Coach-Box, with great patience sits,
For Money runs betwixt him and his wits,
His mind is wholly fixt upon his Gains,
'Tis Money that does recompence his pains.

### 89. On Foot Men, and Boyes.

Oot Men and Boyes, behind a Coach do sit,
Oft times, when as their Masters Ride in it,
They other whiles Run by their Masters side,
When they in Coaches, or on Horse back Ride,
Sometimes they follow them, and Cloaks do earry
Sometimes at Doors Attendance give, and tarry
Aswell in darkest Night, as in the day,
Till th' Masters Pleasure is, to go away,
This Life they lead, they run, they go, they wait,
With patience take't because it is their Fate,
From generous hands, they oft with Money meet,
Which bitter Toyle, and slavery, makes sweet,
There's

All Things.

There's few but they will wait, and Run, and go, If they be sure, they shall get Money so.

90. On Hoftlers.

in,

N Hostler's lookt upon to be a Man, That certainly will Cheat you if he can, For the you fee your Horse with Corn well Fed, And take great pains before you go to Bed, To have your Horse's Rack well fill'd with Hay. As foon as you are gone, he'l take't away, And so your Horse all Night, stands without Meat, Then the next Morn betime, that he no Cheat May feem to be, he puts some in the Rack, And fayes, Master your Horse no Meat did lack. Your selfe did see, the Rack I did so fill, That there is some remaining in it still. And thus the Rogue his Credit would Retrieve. Hopeing that what he sayes, you do believe; If with your Corn, you Trust him to your Horse, Then he, its like, will Cheat you worse and worse. If you command him half a peck to give Your Horse, then half as much he may Receive, Or sometimes none at all, you must take Care, Or otherwise your Horse will get ill Fair, But this is unto such who strangers are, Or pinching Slaves, for whom he doth not Care, If you're a Constant Guest, and Nobly pay, Hel neither Cheat you then of Corn nor Hay;

But:

Money Masters.

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But will as honest be in every case,
As if yourself were by him in the place,
For he's assur'd, you will be very free,
And so he deals with you in honestie,
Immoderate Love of gains for his Reliefe,
Does tempt the Man, to make himself a Theis:
There's many have so dearly Money bought,
That they themselves have to the Gallows brought.

### 91. On Common Carryers.

There loaden Horses follow in the Rear,
In Winter time with many Storms they meet,
Early and late they go with cold wet Feet,
In Summer-time, they're all besmear'd with sweat,
Blinded almost with Dust, their Feet fore beat,
And thus throughout the Year this course they Run,
In Winter Froze, in Summer Tann'd with th' Sun,
If for their pains you ask the Reason why,
It is because they Money get thereby,
Money's the Antidote 'gainst all distress,
She comfort brings, unto the Comfortless,
That man no Trouble, pains, nor hardship feels,
Where Money surely follows him at th' heels.

### 92. On Tapsters

T Apsters who th' Masters Cellars Farm by great, Will froth their Cans, and Pots, nick on, and cheat, Their All Things.

Their drink in Cans, Black Jacks, and pots will fill Tankards, and little Muggs; for Cheat they will, Both in their pinching measure, and their Score, As long as Money comes, they'l ne'er give o're, Play all their Tricks, that they may hold her fast; Till the Devil comes, and the Tapster gets at last.

93. On Drapers and Mercers.

IF you to th' Draper or a Mercer go, With Cash in hand, good penny-worths they'l showe, Of Cloth, and Silkes, and Gold and Silver lace, Buttons, and other things, for use and grace, And if your Taylors Counsel here you have, I'm fure by that, you'l neither gain nor fave, If all at large be not Cut off, he'l fret, For then poor Man he doth less Cabbage get; If without Cash, unto these Men you go, And they your Credit, very well do know, They'l show respect, and tell you in a word That as Cheap Penny-worths, they will afford; As if you ready Money had, but when Your Name is plac'd down in their Book, O then, The fair tongu'd tradelman proves so wondrous quick, That you pay Ten per Centum for your Tick, So if in three years time your score is pay'd, He's a sufficient Gainer by his Trade.

### 94. On Taylors.

I F you to take up goods your Taylor trust,
Then near the half of every thing he must
Take for himself, as he doth take for you,
Thus to augment your Score, he helps to screw,
And if the Devil, do at his Elbow sit,
Yet he'l not fail to Cheat and steal a bit,
So when the Taylor doth bring home your Clothes,
If you ne'er pay his Bill he cannot lose.

#### 95. On Milliners.

THE Milliner for ready Money's kind, [find For Stockins, Ribbons, Gloves, Hoods, scarfes, you'l He'l use you well, and tho he do pretend, He'd be as Kind because you are his Friend, Tho you don't pay, but upon Credit take, But then be sure another price he'd make, So trust him not, for Money always hath More kindness found, then where there's greatest Faith.

#### 96. On Barbers.

Your Cringing Barber, will Powder and Comb
Your new Bob Wigg, and to you bring it home,
Then puts it on your Head, and Curles does fet,
It fuits you well faith he, does finely fit,
"Tis Cheap Sir, of a Guinea, as e'er I made,
Since I first Learnt, and understood the Trade,

And

All Things.

And yet for Fisteen shillings paid in hand, In ready cash this Wigg you may command, Then Sir your fine long Wigg must surely be Set down ith Barbers Book at Guinnies three, When you for fifty Shillings payd on sight, The self same Wigg, or else a Better might Have put into your hands, finely set out, With many thanks, and Congie too to boot,

97. On Chyrurgions.

THE Chyrurgion where he does Money find, He often Visits, and proves very kind, Your wounds with such great safety he will dress That he all Feavourish Symptoms will Repress. And if your Wounds do chance to be enflam'd. Or with some obtuse Weapon you are Maim'd, And bruised fore he then will breath a Vein. Remove black Yellow spots, and ease your pain, But then for Money sometimes he'l Retard Keep back the Cure, that you will think its marr'd, Then he will Laugh, and tell you that he could Have Cur'd you fooner, if so be he would, But then he tells you, he must fearch the Wound To th' very Bottom, if you would be found, And firm indeed, and have no after fore. And so become, worse then you were before; These Men for Money too, can also Cure The Flux, Pox, Asthmaes, and the Calenture. Coughs

thes,

find ou'l

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72 Money Mafters.

Coughs, Rheumatisms, Costiveness, and pains In the small guts, or giddiness i'th' Brains, They many Cures can do for Moneys sake, Which is't were wanting, they'd not undertake, For when the Poor under their hands do lye, Friend we can Cure you, presently they'l cry, But you must look about, and Money bring, To pay for and discharge this and that thing, So as the Poor Man doth for them provide, Good or bad News to him, it doth Betide, For to say Truth, oft times for want of Cost, Many poor Man's undone and meerly lost, For where there Money lacks, it's very sure, There will be no Attendance, care nor Cure.

## 98. On Druggists.

DRuggists sound druggs nor Medicines will send,
But where their money's sure, the you're their sriend
For Ingenuity and Friendship too,
Altho for what is good, they Court and woo,
If Moneyless, they go with empty pots,
When other thick Scull'd Idie silly sots
With Money can prevail, in a great huff,
To have the best, whilest others take the stuff
That's all decay'd, worm-eaten, old and Rotten,
For without Money, Friendship is forgotten,
'And you must wait their time, attend their call,
Perhaps get some, perhaps get none at all,

If you get any, 'tis then with a flout,
And such old Stuff, you'd better be without
Then have it in your Shop, all will deny it,
And all your Customers you will lose by it;
So it is plain, there's none can drive a Trade,
Without good store of Money can be made,
Money does all things Master, all adore her,
Nought can withstand, she drives on all before her.

#### 99. On Shoomakers.

THere the Shoomaker knows there's ready pay He'l make choice ware for fuch observe their day And for his stuff, together with his pains, For ready Cash, he's pleas'd with Mod'rate gains? But where he knows, your pay's of longer date, Then patiently you must his Leisure wait. Then Rotten Neat or Calf and Neat together, With inner Soles put in, of base Horse Leather And fuch deceitful stuff, to you he'l Bring, Yet have the Face to Brasen out the Thing, The ware is firm and good upon his word; Tells you, none such to others he'd afford, All which is true, for they must better have, You grope not out, the meaning of the Knave, And then a price he fets (for 'tis his Trade) Higher then on the choifest ware is made, Thus they that Money lack, have th' hardeft fa They're Cheated First, then pay Excessive Rate.

F

### 100. On Watchmakers.

Your watchmakers, a neat good peece will fix For four Pounds in hand, on Credit Six, A Clock, and Weather-glass, you too may have, Which if you buy with ready pay you save, In each six Pounds a Guinnie, if not more, Such are the Fruits of Ticking on the Score, When Tradesiuen sell on Credit they take Care, T' have Double Usury paid 'em, for their ware.

### 101. On Upholsters.

If the Upholster to your House do come, To set some Beds up, or to Hang a Room, If you pay down, the price you make him set, And bring him down as low, as you can get; But if you Tick, that is a Curst disease, For them he sets whatever rate he please.

## 102 On Fack of all-Trades.

Ancs, Pistols, Knives, Guns, or what other Knack, Or thing, in Jack of all-Trades shop you lack, If you are his Acquaintance he will say, Your Trust to him's as good as ready pay, But this is sham, for where you go o'th' score, You'l find you pay him a Third penny more, Shew ready Coin, and then you bring him down By Wrangling, from a Noble to a Crown.

### 103. On Sword-Cutlers.

HE chattering Sword-Cutler, will pretend,
He's such Respect, and is so much your Friend,
That you shall have the best, and choicest ware;
Pay or pay not, all's one he does not care,
But for all this, all Men may Understand,
That there no Friendship is, like pay in hand.

## 104 On Sadlers.

THE Sadler a fine Sadle, with good Bolfters, Imbroider d-house, good Stirrups, and fine Holfters Brings to your Lodgings, tells you that 'ris Rich Has cost him many hour, and carefull Stich, I've layd out all my Moneys, dare you trust, Say you, Yes Sir sayes he, I wish you durst, Take so much Ware, as I dare Credit you, You should have all I have, both Old and News, Well what's the price say you, that I must give, Sir just five Pounds, whether you take or leave.

O what this want of Money is with Men; Money in hand, would setch't, at Three pound tells.

### 105. On Coach Makers.

A Painted Coach and harness fine and gay;
For Thirty Pounds you'l get, in ready pays
But if they are brought in upon the score;
The price will then be Forty Pound or indie;

6

Money Masters.

O Money sie, great are the Cheats thou plays,
To Compass thee, Men care not by what ways
They do proceed, and Value not a pinn
For Right or wrong, if Money comes but in,

106. On Brasiers, and Pewtherers.

THE Brasier and Pewtherer seldome give
Credit, but with Respect they'l you receive
Into their shops, will show what Wares you will,
London Pewther or double Metal sell,
At as low Rates, as possibly they can,
For Money must be had, she makes a Man;
Where Money's wanting each one will dispise
Tho you Ingenious be, and ne'er so wise.

## 17. On Cabbinet makers.

Tables and Drawers, Standards, Glasses, sets
Of dressing Boxes, Brushes, and Jappan
Work of all Sorts; in every thing he can
Serve you as well, as any Man in Town,
At easie Rates, if Money you pay down,
But when that wanting is, the Man looks shy,
And matters not the you shou'd nothing buy,
Money is fixed in his Thoughts and heart,
And without her, he cannot freely part,
And leave his Goods, for if he's forc'd to Trust,
O then great and Excessive gains he must

### All Things.

Receive at length or else he will take home.
His goods, Until a better Chapman come.

#### 108. On Gold-Smiths.

"He Gold-Smyth when he shews, and sells his plate, Cannot with ease Impose, or put a Cheat On you, for that is to be understood, Where it's Try'd by the Standard, and found good, But when you come amongst his Rings to Gaze, Diamonds, and Rubies, Emeralds, and Topaze, Carbuncles, Hyacinths, and many more, Which he will show amongst his Gliffring store, Pearls Necklaces, Pendants, and Jewels too; and Jan.A. All which do make a great and glorious shew, To value those the Buyer wanteth skill, So th' Gold-Smith fets the price down as he will; If Money in his heart bear Rule; then he Will prize them at a very high degree, Or if he's pleas'd to take a Moderate gain, As he will tell you, yet it's very plain, Let th' price which you do pay be what it will, If afterwards you're forcest to pawn or fell, They'l fay they've gotten Water are all Soil'd, So that the Sparkling Lusture of 'em's Spoil'd, When as in Truth, they're not a penny worle, Then when you bought them first, but O the Curle Of Money, whose Delusions have the power To make her Lovers right or wrong pursue her The

Money Masters,

78 The things for which you Twenty Pounds have given Perhaps they'l have the Face to bid you Seaven, Their Conscience says, where Money does come in, To Swear, dissemble, Lye, and Cheat's no Sin.

109. On Grocers.

HE Grocer, tho he do not raise his price, Yet he'l put off his faulty Rotten Spice Where you do Tick; If ready Money comes, Then you have Raisins, Plump and round as plumbes, And if you take a parcel, he'l afford, The Choyfest Spice he hath, upon his word, And he will pick and cull them out so clean, That not a Stone, or stalk, 'mongst them is seen, But if you Tick, you must take what they'l give, And have your Choyce, either to take or leave, For you can not Expect, you may Command Such ware, as those with Money in their hand.

110. On the Tobacconist.

A 7 Here the Tobacconist good pay doth get, The choycest Boxes up for those he'l set, But if you're flow in payment; do not hit His time, then any nasty trash is fit For you, cut stalks mixt with decayed Stuff, That's fit for nought, but grinding into fourt If you complain and give't a bad Report, He fends you word, 'tie very good o'th' Sore,

And th' best he had made ready up for sale,
But come and clear of scores, then he'l not fail
To pick and Choose you out so good a sort,
That when you come to Try't, you'l thank him for't,
Thus Money, Money, Runneth in his mind
Which you must pay if you'l true friendship find.

### III. On Foyners and Carpenters.

I Oyners and Carpenters a prey will make Of you when they a peece of work do take, If you in Timber-Measure have no skill, Then they strange storyes unto you will tell, Make you believe more Timber they must have By far than such a peece of work doth crave, If they perceive you've Knowledge in the thing, Then their Contriv'd design about to bring, They tell you Nails and pins are in their tasks, So they can not abate of what they ask, If you're not willing such a Summe to pay, They tell you then, they'l work with you by day If you agree but either way, O then, They think themselves for that time, happy Men, For many Idle day-workes then you'l have, Whether by day or Task, you'l nothing fave, For they're Resolv'd good wages to bring in, And the unjustly got they think't no Sin, Money's the Siren, Charmes their Eares and hearts, Her to Acquire, they'l practice all their Arts.

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112. Om

### Money Masters.

#### 112. On Butchers.

Dutchers oft times their Flesh puff up and Blow, DThat it may plumper and more viewly show, By means whereof the Buyers they do Cheat, And with their stinking Breath, do spoile the Meat, Then when they've Lamb, or Veal, that's lean and filly, Th' Kidneyes they'l stuff, and skewer up, then tell ye, The Meat is fresh, and good, plump, fat, and fair, But when you try't, you'l find it putrid ware, They Meazell'd pork, and flesh dead by Mischance, Or of some bad disease, will dare t'advance, And lay upon there stalls, and sell't for good, When they know well it is unwholfom Food, And they should punishe be, for selling such, But if they Money get, they care not much Though they that use't, into diseases fall, They do not care, Money's their all in all. And if you to their shop do fend for Meat, To have it fresh, you'l find they'l put a Cheat On you, altho they'l promise fair and fay, You shall no more then other Buyers pay, Yet three-pence, or a Groat a Joynt they'l have More then the Market price, which you might fave If you to th' Market sent, and wrangled there, But you perhaps a Servant cannot spare; Thus every Trade for greediness of gain, Will Chear and Lie, its Evident and plain.

113. On Sempstreffes and Habberdashers.

THE Sempstress, and the Habberdasher prate, Make you believe, they sell at th' lowest Rate, And say they do not set a doit down more Then if you paid in hand, run not o'th' score, For Beavers, Casters, Felts, Necks and Crevats, Handkerchers, Russles, Caps, but these are Chats And all meer Banter, Tradesmen cannot live, Without Exacting, where they Credit give.

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114. On Scotch-Pedlars.

Hefe Circumvoraneans, Scotth-cloth cry Or Hollands, Muzlins, Cambricks, will ye buy, Callicoes, Lawns, or any other ware, If you'l buy nought then will you fell some Hair, or Thus at the doors and Windows they do call, Several denials quiets not their Baul, Into your house with Confidence they'l go, Name all their Wares, and scarcely be faid no, From house to house, from Town to Town, they Run, They'l spare no pains if Money can be won, Either by Chaffer, or else otherwise, So fair and tempting Money's in their eyes, They'l feek and have her, if the may be found, Traverse the Country, and whole Counties round Country and Counties, did I fay? We find, To range whole Kingdoms, will not please their mind,

Money Masters.

What Master Cleaveland, heretofore descry'd

May to these Pedlars fitly be apply'd,

Had Cain been Scot, God wou'd a chang'd his do.

Not made him Travel, but Confin'd him home.

115. On Book-Sellers.

THE Book-Seller, for ready Cash, will sell For as small profit, as another will, But then you must take special Care and look, You no new Title, have to an Old Book, For they new Title-pages often paift, Unto a Book, which purposely is plac'd, Setting it forth to be th' Second Edition. The third, or Fourth, with mendments and Addition, But when you come, for to peruse and look, You will not find one word in all the Book, Put either in or out, or yet Amended, For that's a thing which never was intended By th' Authour, but when e'er a Book doth fail This is their Trick, to quicken up the Sale, But when a new Edition comes indeed, From all the Old Books, which they have, with speed The Title-Pages then, they often tear, And new ones in their places fixed are And have the Confidence to put to fale, Such Books for new, they know are old and stale, And so the Buyer, if he don't descry, Will have a Cheat put on him purposely, And

And when an Authours Books do bravely fell; As those of th' whole duty of Man, do well, And others, then to gain a Book a Fame They'l fet it forth, under fuch Authours Name, Prefixing an Epistle to such Tract, Declaring to the Reader matter of Fact, How and by whom, the same was brought to light, And who hath had the view thereof and Sight, How worthy the same Book is of the press And reasons why, it's publishe in such dress, With bantering stuff, to make the Coppy fell, Which pollicies they think, do wondrous well, But those grand Book-Sellers, are much to Blame, When a good Authour's dead, t'abuse his Name; Such Tricks they play, and Act without Controll For Moneys fake, there's some would pawn their Soul If you, Vendible Books cull out, by fuch, You may suppose, you cannot then lose much, But you're deceiv'd, for if you come to try And put them off, you'l find them very thie, And Nice, they'l fay though at first coming forth. These Books fold well, yet now they're little worth So Money to disburse, they have no Mind, 'Cause when to get it in they do not find, But after much ado, you may contrive, For Twenty pounds laid out to get in five, And this they'l tell you meerly is to show What favour and Respect they have for you;

Money Mafters. If you'l Exchange for other Books fay they. We can afford you then, some better pay : Ten Pounds in Truck, they will pretend is given, When as the Books you get are scarce worth Seven If to be Bookly given then be your fate, You'd need to have a plentiful Estate, For when the Itch of buying Books grows ftrong, Then you a prey to th' Book-Seller ere long Become, he'l fend you Books, and trust so much, Until he find you fail for to keep touch, Then for his Money he will call amain, And if you pay but half, he gets good gain : His Books are so high pricest : but all or none, That is the only string, he plays upon, He'l take no Books again, in part, O Curfe, He must have ready Money in his Purse, And thus by him you're alwayes kept in Awe,

When an Authour doth, to the Book-Seller bring A Copy for the Press, altho the thing, He knows will sell, yet he'l pretend and say, Paper is dear and Trading doth decay, Money is scarce, and Lycencing is dear, So if he buy the Copy, he's in fear To lose by th' Bargain, yet at length he'l come And condescend to give you some small summe, In part of which, a Parcel you must have Of Books, at his own price, and thus you slave

Yourfelf.

By constant dunning, and threats of the Law,

Yourself, beating your Brains, and taking pains, And this same greedy Leech sucks up the gains, He's so in love with Money, that he'd starve Authour, and Printer too, if he can serve But his own ends, and all the profit get, He does not care how meanly they do sit.

#### 116. On Printers.

THE Printer will for Money hazard fate,
Print Scurrilous Pamphlets against the state?
Or any dangerous Unlycenc'd thing,
Which may, Life and Estate, in danger bring:
Such is the power of Money every where,
That Men' regardless are of shame and sear,
Nothing's too dear for Her to set at stake
That all this hurry in the World do's make.

### 117. On Higglers.

I lgglers with poultry, Eggs, and other Trade Do nod, and Ride all Night, are not affraid Of weather, or bad way, or any harm, Money against all Fear's a powerful Charm, The love of her runs in their Minds and heads, She breaks their sleep, they rest not in their Beds, But day and Night do Travel here and there, Sometimes to sell, sometimes to get more Ware, And thus continually they Ride and Rove Money t'increase, the only Miss they Love,

She

### Money Mafters.

She pays their Rent, supplyes their needs they see And in their greatest Troubles, sets them tree.

### 118. On petty Chapmen.

Sope starch, and walnuts, Indico, Blue, Rice,
Pepper and Ginger, Sugar White and Brown,
Brade, Thread, and Pins, they go from Town to Town,
Tape, Filletting, with many other Thing,
Which People want, from house to house they bring:
To Faires and Markets too, likewise they Rove,
Money to get, their stocks for to Improve,
Money's the Miss, for whom they so much Irch,
Some her Obtaine, and by the Trade grow Rich.

## 119. On Travelling petty Book-Sellers.

THE petty Bibliopoll hath Hystories,
And some small Books of severall Mistories,
Primers, Psalters, Bibles on his stall,
Logistorics and Books protreptical,
Such as he thinks are for the Peoples use
And his small Library doth then produce,
He them in Order viewly sets to the Eye,
Hopeing they'l tempt some lookers-on to buy,
He Money wants nought has such charms as she,
For her he'l part with his whole Library.

#### 120. On Linnen-Weavers.

He Linnen-weaver, house-wives yarn doth take. And they conclude how many yards t' will make. Then the conceives there's warp enough, and Woof, But she's deceiv'd when as it comes to th' proof, The Cheating Knave, some of her Clews does throw Into his Hell-hole, then he lets her know, That he, her Web cannot get out o'th' Loom, For lack of yarn, so she must send or come With some herself, this News makes her admire, That he should send, more Yarn for to require He sayes the Yarn does tender prove and nought, Else there had been no need, more to have brought, When as indeed the good Wife he doth Cheat, Money to get, by this his Roguish Feat, Money's the Saga which doth him Enchant, He'l rather part with's honesty, then want Her Company, who gets what he doth lack, For hungry belly, and for Naked back.

#### 121. On Hard-Ware-Men.

THE Hard-ware-Man at Markets seldome fails, With knives, and Sisters, hammers, Locks, and nails And Smoothing-Boxes, Buckles, Steels and Awls, And Jersey-Combes are laid upon their stalls, With many other things that People use, Which he lyes all in sight, for Men to chuse

Such

Money Masters.

88

Such things as they do lack, and give him pay,
Money's the Mis, for whom the Man doth stay
And with great patience waites until she come,
Then he with Joy does take his Journey home,
And when this Lady he doth thither bring
He and his Family Choreuma's sing.

#### 122. On Tanners.

Those that do wear the same, for it proves nought When after into Boots and Shooes it's wrought, Then the Shoomaker's Rogued for the same, When as in truth the Tanners are to blame, Who too hot woozes use, or over Lime Leather, and will not give it, its due time, Then other whiles for utter Soles they Raise Such poor thin Hides, by their unlawful ways, Which they know well, for such use are not fit. These crasts they use, more Money for to get Then Lawful wayes can compass them, or bring And thus we see Money's the only thing, At which all Trades and Mysteries do look, And are resolv'd to have't, by hook or Crook,

## 123. On Woollen-Weavers.

The Woollen-weaver, fleight and thin will weave; That he some of the Clews of Yarn may save, All Things

And keep himself, which th' Owners to him brought. To have their Cloth made ftrong, and firmly wrought, But whether th' owners, keep it for their ufe, Or shall Expose'tt to sale, they'l find th' abuse, For when't comes to be worn; t'will shrink full sore; And every day, t'will Run up more and more, And in great Lumps wear out great shame to fee; And all this through the Weavers Knavery, Who not content with's honest wage doth Cheat For their was, Yarne to make the Cloth compleat, But then the Knave less Money would obtain; If he gets nought but by his Lawfull gain; So He's resolv'd he Money will ensure, He cares not by what ways he her procure, Money's the Soveraigne Empress of his heart For her with honesty and Truth he'l part.

124. On Hawking Pedlars:

Some Hawking Pedlars carry on their Backs;
Others with loaden Horses, and great packs;
Of hollands, cambricks, Lawns Scotch-cloth, and hoods,
Callico, Muzlins, Lace, and such like goods;
Gloves, skarfes, gowns, Silkes, and Mantos ready made;
Ribbons, and Necklaces, with such like Trade;
With which they Hawk, i'th Country, here and there
At Faires and Markets too, to sell their ware,
Money's the only Lady they pursue,
If her they can but Catch; they never tue;

No

Money Mafters.

Nor of their pains and Labour do Repent,

Money does falve up all with great Content.

### 125. On Glovers.

Chears up their Spirits, and yeilds them Refection.

### 126. On Common Brewers.

The Common-Brewer where he gets good pay,
Best Liquors unto such he sends away,
But those that drive him long, and take no care
To pay, he any Swillings sends in there.

### 127. On the Ale-house Keeper.

The Ale-house Keeper, if you'l freely pay,
And nobly call, he'l sit by you all day,
All other Company he will Neglect,
And you're the only Man shall have respect,
'Tis on the Noble Minded Man he Tends,
That cares not what comes in nor what he spends,
Such Company's the Solace of his heart,
He's then your Humble Servant, will not part,
Money's so Charming that She makes him shun
All other Guests, and after you to Run,

All Things.

There's nothing that his house Sir, can afford, But you may it Command, just at a word, My Land-Lord at none elfe but you will look, You hold him fast Sir, with your Silver Hook, But if you far a Single pot but call, He for fuch Company cares not at all, So any Man without Offence may fay, That Plurimi paffim fie Pecunia.

> 128. On the Influence of Money upon Severalt Sorts of Traders.

Heefe and Fishmongers, and likewife Furryers, Pawn sakers, Leather Dresfers, and Curryers, Iron and Wood-mongers, Salters, Saleimen, Cole Merchants, Scriveners, Fletchers, Ratailmen, Bottle-makers, Horners, and Trunck-makers, Cole-meters, Bowyers, white and Brown-bread-bakers, Tallow and Wax-Chandlers, Cutlers and Saylors, Cooks, Watermen, Skynners, and Merchant Taylors; Girdlers, Leather Sellers, Painters, Poulters, Founders, Embroyderers, Marbless, and Coopers, Armourers, Cane-Sellers, Speciatic Grinders, Felt makers and Silk Throwers, and Refiners;
Oyl Men, perfumers, Glass Men, and white Tawers;
Confectioners, with Stapfers, and Cloth drawers;
Makers of Glass, Tobacco Pipes, and Combes,
Whips; Inflatuments of Musick; and of Tombes,

But

92 Money Masters.

White-smiths, and meal-men, and Block makers, Brokers Strong-Water-stillers, Coffee Men, and Smoakers, Stone-Cutters, Lusterers, and Lynnen-Drapers, With Callender Men, and Makers of Papers, Wool-Packers Stationers Lorainers Clarks, Plasterers, Fruiterers, Black-Smyths, all sparks, And Fellow Tradefmen, all these men do crave, Money by all their Trades to get and fave, Familyes cannot be kept, nor Rents well payd, Unless good store of Money's got, by Trade, 'Tis the brings Comfort to the Tradelmans Mind, For then he cares not which way blows the Wind. Cloth workers, Carders, Spinners, Bleachers pressers, Tuckers and Fullers, Dyers, and Cloth Dreffers, With Tummers, and Winders, Shearmen and Teafers, Weighers, and Mixers, Seperaters, Greafers, Markers of Rugs, of Coverlets, and Ticking, Manchester Tape, and what the Men are quick in, Last makers, Mill-wrights, Cappers, greafy Knitters, Shinglers, and Wheel-wrights, with Turners, and fitters, These Traders all, in the pursuit of gains, Early and late do work, and take great pains, Money procures them all things that they lack, And where she's wanting, all things go to wrack.

129. On Apprentizes.

Por prentices, th' space of Seven year, Or longer time, their Masters serve with Fear, All Things. Old

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Have many caunts, crabb'd words, and scornfull looks, More strictly kept, then Schollars to their Books, Are sometimes bear, Inhumanely Abus'd, Twould pitty one to have their Dog fo us'd, Some Lads on filly Errands are fent out, For petry things, for which some do them flout, Some clean the shooes, fetch coles, & door stones sweep Dress Stables out, and Masters Horse do Keep. Maney cold bitter stormy Winter day, Poor Boyes behind the Shop board Trembling flay, Fingers and hands, fo fwell'd and Numb'd with Cold, They scarcely any thing can take or hold, When hands and Feet are Cold, if they defire, Yet without Leave they must not come to th' fire, Their fingers blow, behind Backs stand and ware, Whilest th' Masters warm chemselves, sitting in state, Some Boyes are almost starv'd, for want of Meat, Or't's Slubber'd fo, when't comes, they cannot Eat; Drudges and perfect flaves fome Lads are made, Before they can be Masters of their Trade, Thele hardlhips they endure with hopes to fee Their Term expire, and then they will be free, and May fet up for themfelves, and take their Eale, Having no Angry Mafter then to please: Bu: then may Sell their Wares and Money take, Having endur'd great flavery for her fake: Then they're in hopes to get a Vertuous Wife,

Whole Company's the Comfort of Mans Life

Who

Money Masters.
Who for the further Sollace of their state
Will Money bring for her associate,
Then all their former Slavery's quite forgot,
When as a Treble Bliss falls to their loc.
Freedome, a Vertuous Wife and Money store,
What would a man in this life Covet more.

130. On Citty Carr-Men and dray Men.

Ar-men and dray Men, sometimes have great lifts, And when they drive, are put hard to their shifts, Ost-times in Narrow Lanes there's such a throng. They hazard sore their Lives to pass along, They pull, they lift, they Curse, they Bawl and slight, And sometimes fall to down right Blows and sight, All Blood and dirt, with Hair all torn they've been And hardly can be parted they're so keen, All this they undertake, and more then this, For th' Love of Money, their Admired Miss, She charmes them so, they'l any Toyle endure, In Leather Coats and Frocks, to make her sure, What pains can be too great her to acquire, Whom all the world doth follow and admire, In whose society there's such delight, That princes do for her fall out and Fight,

131. On Country Collyers.

Poor Country Collyers, Money to obtain, In Heat and Cold, fair weather, and in Rain,

All Things.

Through thick and thin, in Mice, aswell as duft, Early and late their Horses follow must; And many weary foother every Week, They're fored to undertake Chapmen to feek, Elfe Madam Money will not thefe men own, And then they know, no favour's to their fliown, But if this Lady they have in their hand, They're fure they then may any thing command, Corn, Bread, or Flower, Eggs, Butter, Flesh, or Fish, Or what elfe they for Back or Belly with, Money's Queen Regent of the heart, all will On her Attend, her pleasure to fulfill.

132. On Pavers.

"He paver when he works by Yard or Great," He'l make his Tools and hands go till he Sweat, As fast he'l pitch the Stones, and them will pave, As Servers can the fame unto him heave, Great pains he'll take to pave much on a day; For then he know more Money's due for pay, For Greedines of Money, thus he'l Cheat, And take no pains firmly his work to beat, But cover o're with Sand to make't appear Firm to the Eye, when within halfe a Year, It all breaks up, then all the Labour's Loft, And the Owner then is put to double Coft : For if at first the Scones he firmly fet, Covers them well, and has them firmly beat,

Till

Money Masters Till every Chinck is close fill'd up with fand And no Stone higher then another stand But also Firmly beat, and close and plain, That it will bear a Loaden Cart, or wayne, And never Shrink, that is firm work indeed, But Ah Sir then, he cannot make fuch speed, Nor gits such wage, as he desiers to have, For store of Cash, you've leave to call him Knave, Money's the falle Trivenefica we fee, Enchants Men to betray their Honesty, Credit, good Name, and all that is most dear, If the upon the Stage, do but Appear.

## 133. On Fisher-Men.

Dor Fisher-men, to wait their time and Tide, In Sorry Cabbins near the water-fide, On frraw, or Rushes, Poorly lie and Tumble, And at their Fare, and Hardship never Grumble, But draw their Nets and Lines, in Rain and Cold, And are full glad when they do Fish behold, And those poor men that Venture out to Sea, When Stormes Arife, sometimes are cast away, And fo instead in Catching Fish for gain, Themselves are Caroha by death, Entomb'd i'th' Main The hopes Men have, they Money shall command, Makes them Adventure both by Sea, and Land Comfort the brings in time of greaten Need, Men in their greatest Trouble the bath freed

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#### All Things.

What Toyl or hazzard can be thought too much, We For Money then whole Company is such.

## 134. On Brickmakers.

Their Clay turn over, and do cast together,
In Summer time from Morn till Night, all Day,
With their bare hands, they work and mould their Clay:
In Flooring, Dressing, Drying and making sit,
They take great pains, ere sh Bricks in Kill are set,
They pile them close, and dawbe them round about,
Least when they se site d, it any where break out,
After this Toyl, then Money comes to please,
Their Acopum Catholicum of Ease.
Money their Toyl requires, gets Clothes and Food,
Makes those are Sad, be in a Merry mood.

# 135. On Carters, Wain-men or Waggoners.

Arters, Wainmen, and Waggoners for hire,
In Summers heat, and Winters Gold and Mire,
Be th' weather good or bad they keep their Stage,
Because they know, it brings in constant wage,
Much Toyl they have, and many dangers run,
Money without great pains will not be won,
For he that Moneys company doth crave,
Besides great Care he must himself enslave,
Till he prevail to have her at his will,
With her assistance then he may fulfil.

what

Money Masters.
What he desires, great Hills may level plain
Or in low Valleys raise great! Hills again,
He any thing may to his Humour bring;
He that has Money can do every thing.

136. On Glass Men, that Travel in the Country.

Glasses and drinking Pots, both White and Black, He scapes some dangers, some he cannot pass, But now and then, he breaks a Pot, or Glass, And yet he Travels on, hoping to have A better Price, for those he whole doth save, Money he doth pursue, from Place to Place, All hazards he breaks through, to see her Face. Whatsoe'er Mischances or Missorumes fall, If he get her, She makes Amends for all, No danger's great, no pains too much can be, To compals such a Ladies Company.

### 137. On Bowle Sellers.

Sellers of Bowls, Chiens, Pales, and other Ware, With them do ride about, from Pair to Fair, Chapmen to meet, that ready Money bring, Then they will smoak, bouz off their Poces and fing. When the Market's bad, they're in a fullen frame, So dull that none would think they are the same. Money's the sprightly Miss, the Dainty Dame That Cheareth up, both Young, Old, Blind and Lame.

### All Things

138. On Coopers in the Country.

The Cooper, with Hoops & Tools does march about
To find out work walks many a weary Foot,
When with a Jobb he meets and Money's got
He does rejoyce at his Auspicious Lot.
When tyr'd with Work, and travelling all day,
Money makes him at Night sing Care away.

139. On Travelling Potters.

Č,

Posters to Markets with their brittle Ware,
Possest with Fear, do March, and full of Care,
Least they against some Gate, or Style down,
Or fall and break their ware, they're half undone,
Yet Madam Money, has them at her Call,
For th' Love they bear to ber, they'l venture all,
The hopes they have, of her to be possest,
Dispels their Fear, at home they will not rest,
But out they'l go Money to seek and find,
The Supream Paralesis of their Mind.

### 140. On Oatmeal Sellers?

The Venditors of Oarmeal round and length.
Do diligently wait on Moneyes Call,
And when the doth appear, then at her pleasure.
This Oatmeal is deliver dout by measure,
As long as any in their Skeps remain:
For the the Sellers, can fet up again.

Money Masters.

If Money they receive they do not care,
They for her sake will part with all their Ware,
Money's more worth then the best Merchandize,
She's the dear Paramour in all mens Eyes.

141. On Sellers of Roots in Markets.

Sellers of Roots, who Markets do attend
Potatoes, and fine Cabbages to vend,
Turneps and Carrots, and an hundred more,
Of which their Gardens yeild abundant store,
With these they wait, and with great patience stay,
Till Money comes, and has them all away,
Tis she they come to meet, and those that have
A mind to Roots must her assistance crave,
If she comes not, they get nor great nor small,
But if she comes, they may command them all;
When she appears, none can her Power withstand,
Where e'er she goes, all yeild to her demand,
Unles't be Death, he'l not her Charmes obey,
For when he comes, he will not be said Nay.

142. On Sellers of Bread or Cakes in Markets.

Though Bread's the Staffe of Life, yet they will part With it, for Moneys fake, with all their heart, Faith, Hope, and Charity, great Graces be, And Charity the greatest of the three,

What

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Sa

TOL What Name and Place, does Money then deferve, Saves Life, when Charity would let you starve:

143. On Country Rope-Makers.

He Roper with his Ropes, of Hemp, or Hair, Horse pannels, Wantyes, Cords and such like ware, Sackweb, with Halters, Hair Cloth too, he shows, Cart-Ropes, and Hopples, for Horses and Cows, These things for Money, he doth ready make, Has them from Place to Place, Money to take, For he to compals Her, no Place will mis, For She's Solamen in Miseries.

# 144. On Fish-Drivers

Rivers of Fish, do unto Markets bring, God, Scate, and Turbut, Haddocks, Trout and Ling Conger, and Whitings, Killing, and Mackrel, With Lobsters, Cockles, and fine Crabs to fell, Salmons, and Scurfes, with Smelts, and Salmon Cocks, Catcht in the Nets in Kiddels, or Fish Locks, Winter and Summer, travel Night and Day, Sometimes in good, sometimes in dirty way And in great Storms, they 're sometimes almost lost, Thus for a Livelyhood, poor Men are Tost, When they to th' Market come and Fish fet down, They go their wayes, and stay some time i'th' Town Roturn no more till latter end o'th' Day, And then they know, those People will not stay Th

Money Mafters.

That have far Home, and so the Price they set, Upon their Fish, they are in hopes to get, Because to wrangle, Buyers cannot stand, Rather than stay will pay what they demand, Thus every Trade does exercise his wit, And all their Cunning Tricks Money to get Her to acquire a Man his Life oft ventures, And for her sake his Wit will set oth Tenters:

145. On Sievers and Basket Makers.

Slevers and Basket makers with made Wares,
Sas Baskets, Voyders, Sieves, and Wanded Chaires,
Fine Rangers, Searcers, Tiffanyes and Boulsers,
Course and fine Scuttles, Panyers for Poulters
And such like things, with many other more,
Which they have alwayes ready made in store,
From Fair to Fair they Ride, and Markets ply,
Money to ger, all Places they do try;
Money's the Miss for whom they work and strive,
Them and their Familyes she keeps alive.

# 146. On Country Salters.

The Common Salters all the Summer long,
To serve the Country with their Salt are throng,
They Travel Day and Night, no time refrein,
Their Horses graise in any Street, or Lane,
Their Salt to save from Rain, with Skins they hide,
And nod and sleep as they on Horse back Ride,

Oft

M

Oft are they weary, and most sadly wet And yet well pleased if Money they can get, Money's so precious, Men no dangers shun, But will for her through Fire and Water Run,

147. On Tinkers and Bowle-Sewers

Tinckers and Bowl-Sewers oft Ragged are,
So to get Money themselves to repair,
When any Job of Work falls in their hand,
Three times as much for it they will demand
As they deserve to have: you must Agree
Before the Work's begun, if you'd be free
From noise and Clamour, else the Rogues will sweat
And not give o're, till money does appear,
She Charmes them into silence, makes them still,
She Clothes their Backs, and does their Bellies sill.

# 148. On Thatchers.

The Thatcher all day on a Ladder stands,
The Thatch layes on and fastens with his hands,
His Work doth Cut, and Smooth, make trim and neat,
The Eves cut straight, and Ridges makes Compleat,
When throng he's pleas'd, for Money then is got;
Which makes his Spit to wag, and boiles his Pot,
She makes him work all day with great delight,
No Care or woe does break his sleep at Night.
Great Winds great mischief unto some do bring,
Yet they to him are clear another thing.

Money Mafters.

He laughs when Winds are great, for he doth know It's an ill Wind, that none doth profit blow.

149. On Chimney-- Sweepers.

The Chimney Sweeper thinks it no difgrace, For Money's lake, to have his hands and face Besmeer'd with Soot and Nasty to the sight, And tho he's Black all o're, he cryes all White, His filthy loathsom Cloathes and noy some smell, And Soot in's Eyes, he can endure sull well, If Money comes but in, he then is Jolly, And round about dorn Trudge with's Polls and Holly, And into any smutty hole will creep, And Nasty stuff upon himself will sweep, O Money Money, for thy Charming sake Men any drudgery will undertake, Think no Imploy disgraceful, or unfit, So they can Money but acquire by it.

150. On Kennell Rakers, and Ragg Gatherers.

He Kennel-Raker with his old scratch't Broom,
Backwards&forwards sweep where he doth come
And in those Places where he Sweeps, doth mind
If Horse-Shooe Nails, or Iron he can find,
Or any thing, he thinks will Money make,
Which he with Joyful mind doth quickly take,
And into's old Hat Crown the same doth fing,
Which for that purpose, he about doth bring,

And

And thus from Street to Street, he trots about, To feek his petty Merchandizes out, Which to his Chapmen he does bear away, Who for the same afford him ready pay, Then he with Joy to's Trade returns again, For Money's sake, no drudg'ry he'l refrain, Then they that leek about for Clouts and Raggs And in By-places rake, that they the Bags And Pokes, they for that purpose bring may fill, And get a Stock up, for the Paper-Mill, Where they get Money, which doth joy their hearth And all their pains, they take then in good part; For Money will get any thing they lack, Both for their hungry Belly, and nak'd Back, Men wet and dry, and heat and cold endures Take any pains to make some Money sure.

151. On the Fakes-Farmer, or Gold-finder.

The Stinking Gold-Finder with his white Rod, In Common, or in Private Jakes will prod, And take the Depth, and Lasitude thereof, Endure the Leathsomness and every Scoff, And scornful Flout, his stinking Trade affords, And with his haads bare, rake in filthy—
Abide the smell without offence to's Nose, With Patience look upon his—— Cloaths, I'th' Tubs and Buckets grope with willing Mind, And try if he can Gold and Money find,

H

Money Masters.
O who would think Lady Pecunia had
Such power, t inveagle Men to be so mad,
To follow Nasty Trades and ne'er complain,
If they this dainty Miss, can but obtain,

#### 152. On Com-herds.

HE harmeless Cow-herd trots and runs about,
Both gathers in the Cows and drives them out,
For some small Salary, the Poor Man waits,
Money though little, helps him in his straits
Money where e'er she comes, doth kindness show,
Comfort affords, pays all, or part Men owe,
Prevailes with those, that sheree and Cruel are,
Where she appeares, they further time will spare.

## 153. On Common Swine-berds.

Then People let their Hoggs go out at large,
And the Swine-herd takes them all into his charge,
And into the Fields he drives them day by day,
And there attends on them, the time they stay,
And when some signes of Rain or stormes appear,
Unto some ditch or Hedge, he then draws near,
And under Banks does sculke, till Night does come,
Then's Army he drawns up, and Marches home,
And thus poor man, he spends his Slavish life,
Some Money to procure, for him and's Wife,

And Family, and the it be but small,
He gets, it's better far, than none at all;
A little Money brings him some Relief,
But none at all, affords him nought but grief!
So when his Fair is mean, he ne'er complains,
But shapes his Mind according to his Means,

154. On the Common daily Cryes. in and about London.

TTE dayly cryes about the ffreets may hear; According to the Scalon of the year, Some Welflet Oysters call, others do cry Fine Shelfey Cockles, or White Muscles buy, Great Mackrel, five a Groat some Cry about Dainty fresh Salmon, does another shout, Buy my fine dish of dainty Eels cryes one, Some foles, and flownders, in another tone, Butter and Eggs some Cry, some Hampshire b Others do call for Brafs, or broken Money, Have ye any old Suits, or Coats, or Hats, Another fayes come buy my dainty Sprats, Box, or Horn, Combes of Ivory, or Siffers, Tobacco-Boxes, Knives, Rafors, or Twiffers, Who buyes my bak'd Oxe-Cheek, here in my Plump, fresh and fat, well Stew'd, and piping ho Dy'd Lin for Aprons, Vinegar fome Cryes, Some hot Bak'd Wardens, others, puddin pier, Money Masters.

02

Buy a Jack-Line, or an Hair-Line cryes some, New Books, New Books, then doth another come, French Beans and Parsley, some cry, if ye mind, And others, have ye any Knives to Grind, Some Ropes of Onyons Cry, about the Town, Some Pepins, and Pearmains, up Street and down, Hot Codlins hot, the best that ere you see, Who buyes these dainty hot Codlins of me, Turneps, and Sandwich Carrots, one Man calls, Green Hastings, in my Cart, another bawls, Come buy a Steel, or a Tinder-Box, cryes some, Old Boots or Shooes, fayes one, come buy my Broom, Maids ha' ye any Kitchin Stuff, I pray, Buy long Thread Laces, does another fay, New Almanacks some cry, at th' times o'th' year, Then others, finging Ballads, you may hear, Some carry Painted-Clothes, on little Poles, By which it's known, that such Men do catch Moles, Others in Clothes will Painted Rats have made, Which notifies, Rat Catching is their Trade, Have ye any work for a Cooper here, Old Brass to mend, then Tinckles one i'th' Rear, Some Nettle-Cheeses cry, and some New Milk, Others Sattin, and Velvet, or old Silk, Then Ends of Gold or Silver, cryes a Lass, Another Curds and Cream, as She does pass, With traps, for Rats and Mile, do some appear, Two hundred a penny, Card-matches here, Ripe

Ripe Cherries ripe, come buy my Early Cherrys, Who buys my Currans or large ripe Goofe berries, A Rubbing Brush, a Bottle Brush, or Grater, Fine Sparrow-grals, then cryes another Creature, Here's dainty Cowcumbers, who buyes to Pickle, Another then, with Colly flowers does stickle, Ripe Rass berries, about, does some then sing, Fine young Strawberries does another bring, Fresh Nettle-tops, or Elder-buds, come buy, Then Water-cresses, and Brooklime, they cry, Any old Iron here to fell cryes one, And some Maids, ha ye any Marrow Bone, Ripe Muske Mellons, or Apricocks, some Cry, Fine Civil Oranges, or Lemmons Buy, Old Chaires to mend, then Cryes a Ragged Fellow, Come buy a Door Matt, does another bellow, Buy a Cock or a Gelding, does one come, Come buy my dainty Singing Bird, sayes some, Some dainty fine Holly and Ivy sayes, Then Curious fine Rolemary and Bayes, Some Pens and Ink, would fell to all they meet, And others Small Coal Cry, about the Street, Pitty th' poor Prisoners, some with Baskets go, And others Cry, come see my rara Show, Anon a poor Wretch comes Grying behind, With Dog and Bell pray pitty the poor Blind, Who buyes these Figgs and Raisins new of mine Come buy my Bowl of Wheat, fine Oatcakes, fine, Money Masters.

Hot Mutton Pyes, cryes one along the Screets, Who buyes my Mutton Pyes fresh hot and sweet, Buy Marking stone, one Cryes, with's smutty face, Another fayes, come buy my fine Bone-Lace, Buy a Cloth or Thrum Map, you Maids and Lasses, Another Cryes, who buyes my drinking Glasses, A Lattice for a Window, who will Buy Great Faggots, five for Six-pence does some cry, Have ye any old Glass for to renew, Same cry Bellaws to mend, or Bowles to few; Some Silk or Ferrit Ribbon, for shooe strings, With London pins, and Tape and other things, Have yany Corns, upon your Feet, or Toes, Buy a Fox Tail, or Whiske, another goes, Some walk about, and old Silk-stockens Cry, Some ask if Socks, or Quilted Caps you'l buy a And thus they Trot about and Bawl each day, For th' Love they bear Lady Pecunia, For her they'l sit up late, and Early Rise, She does appear fo Glorious in their Eyes, Think all pains well bestow'd, nothing too much, Their Zealous dotage to this Idol's fuch, Money's the only she, all Men admire, Both Poor and Rich, this Lady do desire, And those that her do want, they are forforn, If the's not there, they're every Fellows Scorn, We may conclude, when we've faid what we can Tis Money at all times, does make a Man. 195 Ca 155. On Gripeing, and Oppressing Mortgagees

COme Mortgagee, will at Advantage lye, OUpon the Rigour, of's Security He will insift, on Nicetyes will stand, He'l neither purchas all, nor part o'th' Land He has Engag'd, nor will he let you rest, But he with Threats, and Suits, will you molest, So neither sell the Land, nor Let, you can, To th' best Advantage, unto any Man : By means whereof, he knows that he must Seize, Further he'l not Account, then he receives, So he'l dispose, and let at easie Rate, And so will worm you out of your Estate, For he'l his purpoles fo bring about, You'l never live, to see the Mortgage out; So by this Crafty means, he'l you compel For present Maintenance, your Land to fell, Then his own Terms he'l make, for him or's Frience Having now gain'd the point, he did intend: If he be told his doings are unjust, To look for's own, he fayes he will, and must, The Law allows all he has done, he'l fay, But Summum Jus est Summa Injuria; And tho at prefent, it troubles not his Mind, Yet afterwards, he'l wish he'd been more kind, When he on's death Bed lyes, he'l figh and grone, No Mercy can Expect, that none has shown, (H 4

His

Money Masters.

His Conscience then t' accuse him, will begin,

Tell him Oppression is a Crying Sin,

And then he I cry, wu'd he'd more favour shown,

And wish that he, the Land had never known;

The gains he's got, by the poor Debtors cross,

He finds will now be his Eternal Loss.

Money nor Lands, no Comfort, now do bring,

A good Conscience, is the sole Soveraigne thing;

He now with heavy groans, repents his Evil,

When he's afraid, he's going to the Devil:

Who at his Death will Mercy beg and crave,

Must in his Life time Mercy shew, and have.

156. On Berge Men or Loyter Men.

BErgers and Loyter-Men do Row and Bawl,
By Night and Day, their Boats they pull and hawl
Many cold blaft, and bitter Storm they bide,
Be't fair or Foul, they will not lose their Tide;
But out they'l go, no Weather them will stay,
What is't that poor Men will not do for pay;
Money's the Crown of all their hopes, the prize
At which they aim, precious in all Mens Eyes,
Th' Apotheca of all Terrestrial good.
She brings to all both Clothes and Drink and Food.

157. On Intelligencers or News-Mongers.

The News-Mongers themselves Insinuate Into their fayour, who can tell the state

And

And Face of Things, how they are mannaged And how transacted and defign'd elsewhere; To their Amanuenses they Indite, Who take the Heads, and several Letters write Of News at large, then to the Country fend 'em. ? And toth' Imployers there, do recommend'em : Thus Post by Post, they let them understand Th' Intreagues a foot, aswel by Sea as Land, Money for this, they quarterly receive From their Imployers, thus they bravely Live: Then to the Imployers Houses Men repair, And Money spend, to read News-Letters there; Thus both News-mongers, and Imployers gain Money on this account, or it is plain, No News at home, from Foraign States, or France, We should receive, but rest in Ignorance, Money does pry into the fecret Things Of privy Councils, and Cabals of Kings, She Fairy like, unseen creeps here and there, Discovers Plots tho whisper'd in the Ear, And when the Stroke is ready for to fall, She shews the Clan, and disappoints them all; Her Charms are such that none can them gainlay She'l make a Man, his Bosom Friend betrayt

158. On Ferry Men.

The Ferry Men that Passage Boats do keep, Attendall Day, i'th' Night broke of their sleep

07

Money Masters.

98 To wait on those, who that way do resort, Them and their goods o're Rivers to Transport: This Toyle and pains they take for Money's fake, Ne'er grudge thereat, nor no Complaints do make, For fuch like Men do think, that Money is Th' Royal diploma, of all Earthly Blifs.

159. On Water-Men, or Wherry-Men.

THE Wherry-Men do wait at River's staires, And lanes near Water sides, expeding fairs, When any come they think do want a Boat, They run, hold out their hand, fet up their Note, Sculler and Oares they Cry, and stop your way, Till th' Signe you give, they will not be faid Nay, And when a Jolly Company they get, They'l cast their Coats, and Rowe until they sweat And day by day, this Course they do attend, For Madam Money's fake, their Chiefest Friend, 'Tis she on whom they solely do Rely Them in their great diffresses to Supply: When her they have, of nought they stand in fear, For nothing they can want, when Money's there, Money's the Idol, that each Man Adores, And her Affistance all the World Implores.

160. On Common Strumpets.

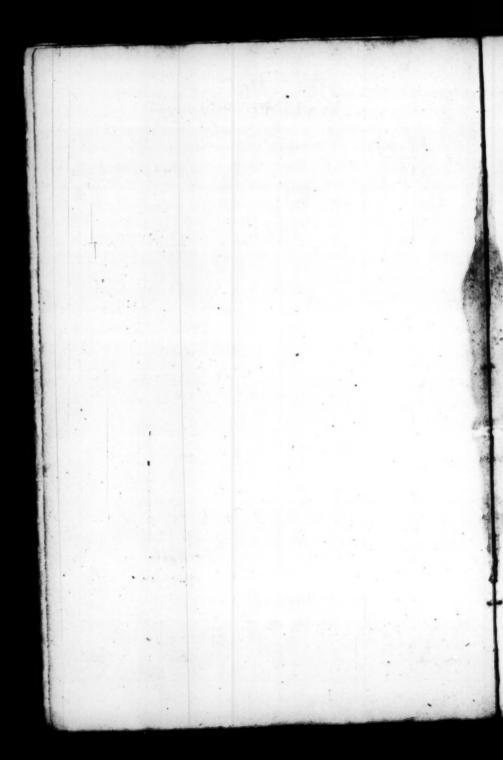
THE Lewd debauched Mercenary Miss For Money's fake, will any Fellow Kils, For the in that by far takes more delight
Than in the Luftful Carnal Appetite,
'Tis Money not the Man the doth adore,
Money's the Cause the turns a Common whore
And proftitutes herself at any time,
Brute-like, and has no sence of any crime.

## 161. The Conclusion.

Ow Muse farewel, for both to Age and Your Thou hast discover'd here, many a Truth Andtho in generall Termes, thou haft fer forth The lame, yet there are some of greater worth And Vertue, that above Temptation are, Whom neither Gold nor Money can Enfnage A dirty, or unfaithful thing to Ad, Or their Allegiance suffer to be Crack. And so no General Rule there is, but hath An Exception, as the Old Proverb faith. But thou hast fairly thrown each one their Los Some thou perhaps has pleased, and some near For some will Laugh, some fret, and some derice At that which here, to them thou hast discry'd. But in this Case, thou safely mayst Conclude, That none e'er yet could please the Multitude,

162. The Epilogue.

A S I begun, so I'll Conclude, and say,
That Pecunia Obediunt Omnia.
F I N I S.



## Perfect Table of the Titles of the feverall Subjects Treated upon in this POEM.

Moneys Regency.

2 On the Restraint Probibition of Moneys free paffage.

2 On the power of Money in

general.

4 On the prevalency of Money, at ellections for Members of Parliament.

5 On Moneys Rule in the Universities, and Inus of Court.

6 On Divines.

7. On Domeftick Chaplains.

8 On Non-Conformifts.

9 On the Quakers.

10 On Persons in high Imployments.

11 On Judges.

-12 On Tuftices of the Peace.

12 On Lawyers.

14 On Astorneys.

15 On the Spirituall Court Men.

N the Longevity of 16 On the Influence of Meney in all Courts.

17 On Clerks of the Crown,

and of the Peace.

18 On the Under-Sheriff . and A Sociate to the Clerk of Affize.

19 On the Sherriffs Seal

Keeper.

20 On Bayliffs.

21 On Gaolers.

22 On Witneffes in & Suit at Law

23 On Sea Officers.

24 On Privateers.

25 On Officers in the Field, or Garisons.

26 On Skippers or Mafters of Ships.

27 On Merchants.

28 On Seamen and Land Souldiers

29 On the Cuftom Officers.

30 On Sergeants at Armes, or Purfewants.

31 On

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32 On Stewards.

33 On Astrologers, or Nati-

34 On Officers of the Excise

35 On Messenger's.

36 On Common Informers.

37 On Church wardens, Surweyers of the High-ways, Over-Seers of the Poor Affessors, &c.

38 On Chief Constables.

39 On confervators of rivers

40 On Post Boys.

41 On Doctors.

42 On Apothecaries.

43 Romisto Priosts.

44 On Clarks to Justices of the Peace.

45 On the Charms of Money in Horse Races and Foot Courses.

46 On Griping Land-lords.

47 On Gamesters and Gaming.

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55 On High-way-Men and Padders.

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65 On Moneys Efficacy in gaining seeming Love, to old Men, and old Women.

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